

GenCore version 5.1.7
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2006 Bioacceleration Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using SW model

Run on: May 5, 2006, 12:22:32 ; Search time 16 Seconds
(without alignments)
48.108 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-726-470a-2

Perfect score: 20

Sequence: 1 XXXRXIXF 8

Scoring table: BLOSUM62DX
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283416 seqs, 96216763 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283416

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 100 summaries

Database :

PIR_80:*
1: pirl:*
2: pirl2:*
3: pirl3:*
4: pirl4:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	20	100.0	14	2 PH0804	T-cell receptor al
2	20	100.0	15	2 PH0797	T-cell receptor al
3	20	100.0	20	2 B44913	periplasmic flagel
4	20	100.0	22	2 S47206	T-cell receptor J-
5	20	100.0	22	2 F84018	hypothetical prote
6	20	100.0	23	2 S47192	T-cell receptor J-
7	20	100.0	24	2 C47689	flagellar core pro
8	20	100.0	25	2 B47689	flagellar core pro
9	20	100.0	26	2 S14035	hypothetical prote
10	20	100.0	26	2 S14036	hypothetical prote
11	20	100.0	26	2 S14037	hypothetical prote
12	20	100.0	26	2 S13989	hypothetical prote
13	20	100.0	28	2 S41774	ubiquitinol-cytochro
14	20	100.0	28	2 PT0366	T-cell receptor be
15	20	100.0	30	2 A44913	34K core flagella
16	20	100.0	30	2 S74112	proline-rich antib
17	20	100.0	31	2 S53153	gene X protein - h
18	20	100.0	31	2 S53192	kalidin-releasing
19	20	100.0	32	2 S39785	hypothetical prote
20	20	100.0	32	2 B82421	hypothetical prote
21	20	100.0	34	2 P81044	hypothetical prote
22	20	100.0	34	2 H83722	hypothetical prote
23	20	100.0	36	2 A81164	hypothetical prote
24	20	100.0	36	2 A69326	hypothetical prote
25	20	100.0	38	2 A59185	photosystem II pro
26	20	100.0	38	2 D84227	hypothetical prote
27	20	100.0	38	2 H81579	hypothetical prote
28	20	100.0	39	2 A81151	hypothetical prote
29	20	100.0	39	2 B85990	hypothetical prote

30	20	100.0	40	2 S07969	T-cell receptor al
31	20	100.0	41	2 B27579	T-cell receptor be
32	20	100.0	41	2 B27579	hypothetical prote
33	20	100.0	41	2 B27544	hypothetical prote
34	20	100.0	42	2 G56271	iprA 5'-region hyp
35	20	100.0	42	2 T07581	hypothetical prote
36	20	100.0	42	2 D81730	hypothetical prote
37	20	100.0	42	2 B82629	hypothetical prote
38	20	100.0	43	2 P81505	hypothetical prote
39	20	100.0	44	2 P80091	Ig heavy chain V r
40	20	100.0	45	2 H83936	hypothetical prote
41	20	100.0	46	2 P95023	hypothetical prote
42	20	100.0	46	2 A99802	hypothetical prote
43	20	100.0	46	2 D84334	hypothetical prote
44	20	100.0	46	2 A63569	hypothetical prote
45	20	100.0	47	2 S39358	cyclin kinase inhi
46	20	100.0	48	2 T20751	hypothetical prote
47	20	100.0	48	2 H84063	ubiquitinol-cytochro
48	20	100.0	48	2 B28118	hypothetical prote
49	20	100.0	49	2 D81567	hypothetical prote
50	20	100.0	50	2 H90537	hypothetical prote
51	20	100.0	50	2 H82423	hypothetical prote
52	20	100.0	50	2 A69055	hypothetical prote
53	20	100.0	50	2 G82652	hypothetical prote
54	20	100.0	51	2 S64712	formin binding pro
55	20	100.0	51	2 AC3039	hypothetical prote
56	20	100.0	52	2 AB3904	hypothetical prote
57	20	100.0	53	2 G90776	hypothetical prote
58	20	100.0	54	2 T07247	hypothetical prote
59	20	100.0	54	2 A97904	hypothetical prote
60	20	100.0	55	2 T10344	hypothetical prote
61	20	100.0	55	2 H87442	hypothetical prote
62	20	100.0	55	2 AB8303	hemolymph trypsin
63	20	100.0	56	2 A29235	probable bacteriop
64	20	100.0	56	2 AD0739	Yda protein - Eac
65	20	100.0	56	2 T09177	hypothetical prote
66	20	100.0	56	2 D82138	hypothetical prote
67	20	100.0	56	2 T07482	hypothetical prote
68	20	100.0	56	2 AB2413	conserved hypothet
69	20	100.0	57	2 AG3105	hypothetical prote
70	20	100.0	57	2 S16587	hypothetical prote
71	20	100.0	57	2 C87565	hypothetical prote
72	20	100.0	57	2 B95384	protein (imported
73	20	100.0	58	2 I53690	Cytochrome P450 2B
74	20	100.0	58	2 H91110	hypothetical prote
75	20	100.0	58	2 AC0327	hypothetical prote
76	20	100.0	59	2 T07976	dihydrokaempferol
77	20	100.0	59	2 A36589	bactenecin 7 - bov
78	20	100.0	59	2 H86647	hypothetical prote
79	20	100.0	59	2 T30378	hypothetical prote
80	20	100.0	59	2 AC2752	hypothetical prote
81	20	100.0	60	2 T07272	hypothetical prote
82	20	100.0	60	2 D90971	hypothetical prote
83	20	100.0	60	2 D83610	unknown protein en
84	20	100.0	60	2 D85744	hypothetical prote
85	20	100.0	60	2 AP2783	short neurotoxin 4
86	20	100.0	61	1 N1ND48	bactericidin B-5P
87	20	100.0	61	2 D32021	protein YPR170W-a
88	20	100.0	61	2 S78741	hypothetical prote
89	20	100.0	61	2 A84004	hypothetical prote
90	20	100.0	62	2 G84029	finger protein - h
91	20	100.0	62	2 S22564	cryptophan-specifi
92	20	100.0	62	2 T08470	gene e27 protein -
93	20	100.0	62	2 T03340	hypothetical prote
94	20	100.0	62	2 E82630	cecropin A precurs
95	20	100.0	63	1 CKMTA	sucrose alpha-gluc
96	20	100.0	63	2 A29286	hypothetical prote
97	20	100.0	63	2 H84265	hypothetical prote
98	20	100.0	63	2 A71866	hypothetical prote
99	20	100.0	63	2 T09533	COX17 protein - hu
100	20	100.0	63	2 G72654	hypothetical prote

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
PH0804
T-cell receptor alpha chain (I4) - mouse (fragment)
C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)
C>Date: 17-Jul-1992 #sequence_revision 17-Jul-1992 #text_change 30-May-1997
C:Accession: PH0804
R:Caanoya, J.L.; Romero, P.; Widmann, C.; Kourilsky, P.; Maryanski, J.L.
J. Exp. Med. 174, 1371-1383, 1991
A>Title: T cell receptor genes in a series of class I major histocompatibility complex-T allelic exclusion and antigen-specific repertoire.
A:Reference number: PH0746; MUID:92078846; PMID:1836010
A:Accession: PH0804
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-14 <CDS>
A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI000017C77A; EMBL:X60913
A:Experimental source: T lymphocyte
C:Keywords: T-cell receptor

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 14;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.5e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
DB 6 OGGRALIF 13

RESULT 2

PH0797
T-cell receptor alpha chain (PF2.10.1 V-alpha-3.AR5) - mouse (fragment)
C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)
C>Date: 17-Jul-1992 #sequence_revision 17-Jul-1992 #text_change 30-May-1997
C:Accession: PH0797
R:Caanoya, J.L.; Romero, P.; Widmann, C.; Kourilsky, P.; Maryanski, J.L.
J. Exp. Med. 174, 1371-1383, 1991
A>Title: T cell receptor genes in a series of class I major histocompatibility complex-T allelic exclusion and antigen-specific repertoire.
A:Reference number: PH0746; MUID:92078846; PMID:1836010
A:Accession: PH0797
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-15 <CDS>
A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI000017C780; EMBL:X60903
A:Experimental source: T lymphocyte
C:Keywords: T-cell receptor

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 15;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.6e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
DB 7 GNTKRLIF 14

RESULT 3

B44913
periplasmic flagellar core protein, 35.5K - Leptospira interrogans (fragment)
C:Species: Leptospira interrogans
C>Date: 01-Apr-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Nov-1994 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C:Accession: B44913; B41210
R:Trueba, G.A.; Bolin, C.A.; Zuercher, R.L.
J. Bacteriol. 174, 4761-4768, 1992
A>Title: Characterization of the periplasmic flagellum proteins of Leptospira interrogans
A:Reference number: A44913; MUID:92325069; PMID:1624463
A:Accession: B44913
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-20 <TRU>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9RSK2; UNIPARC:UPI000003B3E2
A:Experimental source: sv. pomona type kennewicki

A>Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBI:P108222)

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 3.5e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
DB 11 FAHRTLKF 18

RESULT 4

S47206
T-cell receptor J-alpha wvii.1 - human (fragment)
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C>Date: 06-Feb-1995 #sequence_revision 06-Feb-1995 #text_change 23-Jul-1999
C:Accession: S47206
R:Plaza, A.; Kono, D.H.; Theofilopoulos, A.N.
submitted to the EMBL Data Library, February 1993
A:Reference number: S40133
A:Accession: S47206
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-22 <PIA>
A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI0000116127; EMBL:X71036; NID:9507043; PIDN:CA50353.1; PI
C:Superfamily: Immunoglobulin V region; Immunoglobulin homology
C:Keywords: T-cell receptor

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 22;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 3.8e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
DB 5 TGRRLTIF 12

RESULT 5

PF4018
hypothetical protein BH2950 [imported] - Bacillus halodurans (strain C-125)
C:Species: Bacillus halodurans
C>Date: 01-Dec-2000 #sequence_revision 01-Dec-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C:Accession: PF4018
R:Takami, H.; Nakasone, K.; Takaki, Y.; Maeno, G.; Sasaki, R.; Masui, N.; Fujii, F.; Hira
Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 4317-4331, 2000
A>Title: Complete genome sequence of the alkaliphilic bacterium Bacillus halodurans and
A:Reference number: A83650; MUID:20512582; PMID:11058132
A:Accession: PF4018
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-22 <STO>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9K8Q3; UNIPARC:UPI00000C406A; GB:AF001517; GB:BA000004; NID
A:Experimental source: strain C-125
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: BH2950

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 22;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 3.8e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
DB 1 MKHRVTLF 8

RESULT 6

S47192
T-cell receptor J-alpha wvii.2 - human (fragment)
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C>Date: 06-Feb-1995 #sequence_revision 06-Feb-1995 #text_change 23-Jul-1999
C:Accession: S47192
R:Plaza, A.; Kono, D.H.; Theofilopoulos, A.N.
submitted to the EMBL Data Library, February 1993

A:Reference number: S40133
 A:Accession: S47192
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-23 <PLA>
 A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI0000116136; EMBL:X71051; NID:G506974; PIDD:CAA50368.1; PI
 A:Superfamily: Immunoglobulin V region; Immunoglobulin homology
 C:Keywords: T-cell receptor

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 4e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 :::|::|
 Db 6 TGRRLTLF 13

RESULT 7
 C47689
 flagellar core protein, 34K - Treponema hyodysenteriae (fragment)

C:Species: Treponema hyodysenteriae
 C:Date: 19-Dec-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Nov-1994 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: C47689

R:Koopman, M.B.; Baats, E.; van Vorstenbosch, C.J.; van der Zeijst, B.A.; Kuusters, J.G.
 J. Gen. Microbiol. 138, 2697-2706, 1992

A:Title: The periplasmic flagella of *Serpulina* (Treponema) hyodysenteriae are composed of
 A:Reference number: A47689; PMID:93139764; PMID:1487733

A:Contents: C5, Treponema

A:Accession: C47689

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 1-24 <KOO>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q7M132; UNIPARC:UPI000017A907
 A:Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIF:123402)

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 24;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 4.2e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 :::|::|
 Db 11 NAQRRLKF 18

RESULT 8

B47689
 flagellar core protein, 37K - Treponema hyodysenteriae (fragment)

C:Species: Treponema hyodysenteriae
 C:Date: 19-Dec-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Nov-1994 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: B47689

R:Koopman, M.B.; Baats, E.; van Vorstenbosch, C.J.; van der Zeijst, B.A.; Kuusters, J.G.
 J. Gen. Microbiol. 138, 2697-2706, 1992

A:Title: The periplasmic flagella of *Serpulina* (Treponema) hyodysenteriae are composed of
 A:Reference number: A47689; PMID:93139764; PMID:1487733

A:Contents: C5, Treponema

A:Accession: B47689

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 1-25 <KOO>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:P80158; UNIPARC:UPI000012A8D8
 A:Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIF:123401)

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 25;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 4.3e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 :::|::|
 Db 11 NAQRRLKF 18

RESULT 9

S14035
 hypothetical protein - phage BZ13 (fragment)

C:Species: phage BZ13
 C:Date: 18-Feb-1994 #sequence_revision 24-Apr-1998 #text_change 24-Apr-1998

C:Accession: S14035

R:Inokuchi, Y.; Hirashima, A.; Watanabe, I.
 J. Mol. Biol. 158, 711-730, 1982

A:Title: Comparison of the nucleotide sequences at the 3'-terminal region of RNAs from R
 A:Reference number: S07250; PMID:83010313; PMID:7120417

A:Accession: S14035

A:Status: translation not shown

A:Molecule type: genomic RNA

A:Residues: 1-26 <INO>

A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI000017A891; EMBL:J02446; NID:g166167

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 26;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 4.5e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 :::|::|
 Db 16 GBPRSLYF 23

RESULT 10

S14036
 hypothetical protein - phage GA (fragment)

C:Species: phage GA

C:Date: 18-Feb-1994 #sequence_revision 24-Apr-1998 #text_change 24-Apr-1998

C:Accession: S14036

R:Inokuchi, Y.; Hirashima, A.; Watanabe, I.
 J. Mol. Biol. 158, 711-730, 1982

A:Title: Comparison of the nucleotide sequences at the 3'-terminal region of RNAs from
 A:Reference number: S07250; PMID:83010313; PMID:7120417

A:Accession: S14036

A:Status: translation not shown

A:Molecule type: genomic RNA

A:Residues: 1-26 <INO>

A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI000017A895; EMBL:J02455; NID:g215437

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 26;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 4.5e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 :::|::|
 Db 16 GBPRSLYF 23

RESULT 11

S14037
 hypothetical protein - phage JP34 (fragment)

C:Species: phage JP34

C:Date: 12-Feb-1998 #sequence_revision 17-Apr-1998 #text_change 17-Apr-1998

C:Accession: S14037

R:Inokuchi, Y.; Hirashima, A.; Watanabe, I.
 J. Mol. Biol. 158, 711-730, 1982

A:Title: Comparison of the nucleotide sequences at the 3'-terminal region of RNAs from
 A:Reference number: S07250; PMID:83010313; PMID:7120417

A:Accession: S14037

A:Status: translation not shown

A:Molecule type: genomic RNA

A:Residues: 1-26 <INO>

A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI000017A895; EMBL:J02456; NID:g215080

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 26;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 4.5e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 :::|::|
 Db 16 GBPRSLYF 23

RESULT 12
S13989
Hypothetical protein - phage TH1 (fragment)
C:Species: phage TH1
C>Date: 18-Feb-1994 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1998 #text_change 24-Apr-1998
C:Accession: S13989; S14039
R:Inokuchi, Y.; Hirashima, A.; Watanabe, I.
J. Mol. Biol. 158, 711-730, 1982
A:Title: Comparison of the nucleotide sequences at the 3'-terminal region of RNAs from R
A:Reference number: S07250; MUID:83010313; PMID:7120417
A:Accession: S13989
A:Status: translation not shown
A:Molecule type: genomic RNA
A:Residues: 1-26 <TNO>
A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI000017A89A; EMBL:U02519; NID:g216179

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 4.5e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
:::|:|:
DB 16 GRLRSLXP 23

RESULT 13

S41774
Ubiquinol-cytochrome-c reductase (EC 1.10.2.2) cytochrome b - Trypanosoma congolense mit
C:Species: mitochondrion Trypanosoma congolense
C>Date: 25-Dec-1994 #sequence_revision 27-Feb-1997 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C:Accession: S41774
R:Read, L.K.; Fish, W.R.; Muthiani, A.M.; Stuart, K.
Nucleic Acids Res. 21, 4073-4078, 1993
A:Title: Maxicircle DNA and edited mRNA sequences of closely related trypanosome species
A:Reference number: S41774; MUID:93382785; PMID:8396763
A:Accession: S41774
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-28 <RNA>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q7M2D7; UNIPARC:UPI0000174C9B
A:Superfamily: cytochrome b; cytochrome b homology; cytochrome b6 homology; plastocyanin
C:Keywords: electron transfer; mitochondrion; oxidative phosphorylation; oxidoreductase;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 28;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 4.8e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
:::|:|:
DB 2 PRCRPLXP 9

RESULT 14

PT0366
T-cell receptor beta chain V-J region (6R2) - mouse (fragment)
C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)
C>Date: 31-Mar-1992 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-1992 #text_change 30-May-1997
C:Accession: PT0366
R:Lehmann, P.V.; Drexler, K.; Tary-Lehmann, M.; Falcioni, F.; Hurrenbach, U.; Nagy, Z.A.
J. Exp. Med. 173, 333-341, 1991
A:Title: Graft-versus-host resistance induced by class II major histocompatibility comp
A:Reference number: PT0360; MUID:91108330; PMID:1824856
A:Accession: PT0366
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-28 <LEH>
A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI000017C855
C:Keywords: T-cell receptor

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 28;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 4.8e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
:::|:|:
DB 16 FLERGLXP 23

RESULT 15

A44913
3K core flagella protein - Leptospira interrogans (fragment)
C:Species: Leptospira interrogans
C>Date: 03-Feb-1994 #sequence_revision 03-Feb-1994 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C:Accession: A44913; A41210
R:Trueba, G.A.; Bolin, C.A.; Zuercher, R.L.
J. Bacteriol. 174, 4761-4768, 1992
A:Title: Characterization of the periplasmic flagellum proteins of Leptospira interrogans
A:Reference number: A44913; MUID:92325069; PMID:1624463
A:Accession: A44913
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-30 <TRU>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9R5K3; UNIPARC:UPI00000BC595
A:Experimental source: BV, pomona type kennewicki
A:Note: sequence extracted from NCBI database (NCBIF:108220)
C:Superfamily: flagellin

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 30;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 5.2e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
:::|:|:
DB 11 NSHRVLXP 18

RESULT 16

S74112
proline-rich antibacterial protein - green crab (fragment)
C:Species: Carcinus maenas (green crab, common shore crab)
C>Date: 11-Mar-1998 #sequence_revision 17-Apr-1998 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C:Accession: S74112
R:Schnapf, D.; Kemp, G.D.; Smith, V.J.
Eur. J. Biochem. 240, 532-539, 1996
A:Title: Purification and characterization of a proline-rich antibacterial peptide, with
A:Reference number: S74112; MUID:97008941; PMID:8856051
A:Accession: S74112
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-30 <SCH>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:P82964; UNIPARC:UPI0000125BD2
A:Experimental source: haemocytes
C:Keywords: antibacterial

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 30;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 5.2e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
:::|:|:
DB 14 IGRPLXP 21

RESULT 17

SS3153
gene X protein - hepatitis B virus (isolate patient Usa1/89) (fragment)
C:Species: hepatitis B virus, HBV
A:Variety: isolate patient Usa1/89
C>Date: 08-Jul-1995 #sequence_revision 03-Aug-1995 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C:Accession: SS3153
R:Jai, M.B.; Marzoleni, A.P.; Porru, A.; Balastrieri, A.
submitted to the EMBL Data Library, March 1995
A:Reference number: SS3112
A:Accession: SS3153
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-31 <JAI>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q67974; UNIPARC:UPI00000F22D0; EMBL:X85270; NID:g736037; PID

A:Experimental source: isolate patient Usa1'89
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: X
 C:Superfamily: hepatitis B virus gene X protein

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 18

gene X protein - hepatitis B virus (isolate patient Italoc'92) (fragment)

C:Species: hepatitis B virus, HBV
 A:Variety: isolate patient Italoc'92
 C:Date: 08-Jul-1995 #sequence_revision 03-Aug-1995 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C:Accession: S53192
 R:Ali: M. E.; Mazzeoni, A. P.; Porru, A.; Balestrieri, A.
 A:Reference number: S53112
 A:Accession: S53192
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-31 <LAI>
 A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q68005; UNIPARC:UPI00000F9220; EMBL:X85257; NID:G736091; PIR
 A:Experimental source: isolate patient Italoc'92
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: X
 C:Superfamily: hepatitis B virus gene X protein

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 19

S39785
 kallidin-releasing proteinase (EC 3.4.21.-) - puff adder (fragment)

C:Species: Bitis arietans (puff adder)
 C:Date: 27-May-1994 #sequence_revision 19-Apr-1996 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C:Accession: S39785
 R:Nikol, T.; Momose, M.; Okumura, Y.; Ohara, A.; Komori, Y.; Sugihara, H.
 Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 307, 304-310, 1993
 A:Title: Kallidin-releasing enzyme from Bitis arietans (puff adder) venom.
 A:Reference number: S39785; MUID:94099611; PMID:8274016
 A:Accession: S39785
 A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 1-32 <NIK>
 A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9PRY9; UNIPARC:UPI00000FD0E5
 C:Superfamily: trypsin; trypsin homology
 C:Keywords: glycoprotein; hydrolase; serine proteinase; venom

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 32;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 5.5e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 20

B82421
 hypothetical protein VCA0761 [imported] - Vibrio cholerae (strain N16961 serogroup O1)
 C:Species: Vibrio cholerae
 C:Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence_revision 20-Aug-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: B82421
 R:Heidelberger, J.F.; Bisen, J.A.; Nelson, W.C.; Clayton, R.A.; Gwinn, M.L.; Dodson, R.J.;
 Chardson, D.; Ermolaeva, M.D.; Vamathevan, J.; Bass, S.; Qin, H.; Dragoti, I.; Sellers, F.
 L.; R.R.; Mekalanos, J.J.; Venter, J.C.; Fraser, C.M.
 Nature 406, 477-483, 2000
 A:Title: DNA Sequence of both chromosomes of the cholera pathogen Vibrio cholerae.
 A:Reference number: A82035; MUID:20406833; PMID:10952301

A:Accession: B82421
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-32 <HEI>
 A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9KLI3; UNIPARC:UPI00000C3636; GB:AE004404; GB:AE003853; NID
 A:Experimental source: serogroup O1; strain N16961; biotype El Tor
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: VCA0761
 A:Map position: 2

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 32;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 5.5e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 21

F81044
 hypothetical protein NMB1778 [imported] - Neisseria meningitidis (strain MCS8 serogroup

C:Species: Neisseria meningitidis
 C:Date: 31-Mar-2000 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C:Accession: F81044
 R:Retzlaff, H.; Saunders, N.J.; Heidelberg, J.; Jeffries, A.C.; Nelson, K.R.; Bisen, J.J.
 Hickey, E.K.; Hart, D.H.; Salzberg, S.L.; White, O.; Fleischmann, R.D.; Dougherty, B.A.;
 ri, H.; Qin, H.; Vamathevan, J.; Gill, J.; Scarlato, V.; Maignan, V.; Pizzi, M.
 Science 287, 1809-1815, 2000
 A:Authors: Grandi, G.; Sun, L.; Smith, H.O.; Fraser, C.M.; Moxon, E.R.; Rappuoli, R.; V.
 A:Title: Complete genome sequence of Neisseria meningitidis serogroup B strain MCS8.
 A:Reference number: A81000; MUID:20175755; PMID:10710307
 A:Accession: F81044
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-34 <TET>
 A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9JY24; UNIPARC:UPI00000C478P; GB:AE002527; GB:AE002098; NID
 A:Experimental source: serogroup B, strain MCS8
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: NMB1778

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 34;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 5.9e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 22

H83722
 hypothetical protein BH0584 [imported] - Bacillus halodurans (strain C-125)

C:Species: Bacillus halodurans
 C:Date: 01-Dec-2000 #sequence_revision 01-Dec-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C:Accession: H83722
 R:Takami, H.; Nakasone, K.; Takaki, Y.; Maeno, G.; Sasaki, R.; Masui, N.; Fuji, F.; Hir
 Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 4317-4331, 2000
 A:Title: Complete genome sequence of the alkaliphilic bacterium Bacillus halodurans and
 A:Reference number: A83650; MUID:20512582; PMID:11058132

A:Accession: H83722
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-34 <STO>
 A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9KFA1; UNIPARC:UPI00000C390F; GB:AP001509; GB:BA000004; NID
 A:Experimental source: strain C-125

C:Genetics:
A:Gene: BH0584

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 34;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 5.9e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 1 MKKRLVLF 8

RESULT 23

A:1614
hypothetical protein NMB0754 [imported] - *Neisseria meningitidis* (strain MC58 serogroup C)
C:Species: *Neisseria meningitidis*
C:Date: 31-Mar-2000 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C:Accession: A61164

R:Reteljin, H.; Saunders, N.J.; Heidelberg, J.; Jeffries, A.C.; Nelson, K.E.; Eisen, J.A.; Hickey, E.K.; Haft, D.H.; Salzberg, S.L.; White, O.; Fleischmann, R.D.; Dougherty, B.A.; et al.; Qin, H.; Vamathavan, U.; Gill, U.; Scarlato, V.; Maignani, V.; Pizza, M.
Science 287, 1809-1815, 2000
A:Authors: Grand, G.; Sun, L.; Smith, H.O.; Fraser, C.M.; Moxon, E.R.; Rappuoli, R.; et al.
A:Title: Complete genome sequence of *Neisseria meningitidis* serogroup B strain MC58.
A:Reference number: A61000; MUID:2015755; PMID:10710307

A:Accession: A61164
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-38 <TEXT>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9K066; UNIPARC:UPI000000C4566; GB:AE002429; GB:AE002098; NID
A:Experimental source: serogroup B, strain MC58
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: NMB0754

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 36;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 6.2e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 13 SNORSLRF 20

RESULT 24

A:69326
hypothetical protein AF0609 - *Archaeoglobus fulgidus*
C:Species: *Archaeoglobus fulgidus*
C:Date: 05-Dec-1997 #sequence_revision 05-Dec-1997 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: A69326
R:Klenk, H.P.; Clayton, R.A.; Tomb, J.F.; White, O.; Nelson, K.E.; Ketchum, K.A.; Dodson
; Fleischmann, R.D.; Quackenbush, J.; Lee, N.H.; Sutton, G.G.; Gill, S.; Kirschner, E.F.; Glock, A.; Zhou, L.; Overbeek, R.; Goeyens, J.D.; Weidman, J.F.; McDonald, L.
Nature 390, 364-370, 1997
A:Authors: Uitterlinden, T.; Cotton, M.D.; Spriggs, T.; Artlich, P.; Kaine, B.P.; Sykes, S.
Smith, H.O.; Woese, C.R.; Venter, J.C.

A:Title: The complete genome sequence of the hyperthermophilic, sulfate-reducing archaeon
A:Reference number: A69250; MUID:98049343; PMID:9389475
A:Accession: A69326
A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-36 <TEXT>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q29646; UNIPARC:UPI0000057051; GB:AE001063; GB:AE000782; NID
A:Gene: NMB0754

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 36;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 6.2e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 28 VRIINLQF 35

RESULT 25

A:59185
photosystem II protein psbL - *Prochlorothrix hollandica*
C:Species: *Prochlorothrix hollandica*
C:Date: 18-Feb-2000 #sequence_revision 18-Feb-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: A59185
R:Bullerjahn, G.
submitted to the Protein Sequence Database, February 2000
A:Reference number: A59185
A:Accession: A59185
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-38 <BDL>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q7M157; UNIPARC:UPI0000176142
A:Experimental source: strain ACC15-2
A:Note: 4.5X transmembrane component of photosystem II
C:Superfamily: photosystem II protein psbL
C:Keywords: photosynthesis, photosystem II, transmembrane protein
F:18-37/Domain: transmembrane #status predicted <TM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 38;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 6.5e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 19 FLGRLLLF 26

RESULT 26

A:64227
hypothetical protein Vng0697h [imported] - *Halobacterium* sp. NRC-1
C:Species: *Halobacterium* sp. NRC-1
C:Date: 02-Feb-2001 #sequence_revision 02-Feb-2001 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: D84227
R:Ng, W.V.; Kennedy, S.P.; Mahairas, G.G.; Bergquist, B.; Pan, M.; Shukla, H.D.; Lasky, S.; Leitbauer, B.; Keller, K.; Cruz, R.; Danon, M.J.; Hough, D.W.; Maddocks, D.G.; Jablo
Jung, K.H.; Alam, M.; Freitas, T.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97, 12176-12181, 2000
A:Authors: Hou, S.; Daniels, C.J.; Dennis, P.P.; Omer, A.D.; Ehardt, H.; Lowe, T.M.; Li

A:Title: Genome sequence of *Halobacterium* species NRC-1.
A:Reference number: A6160; MUID:20504483; PMID:11016950
A:Accession: D84227
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-38 <STO>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9HRH4; UNIPARC:UPI00000636DF; GB:AE004437; NID:G10580280; P
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: VNG0697H

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 38;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 6.5e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 22 PDGRLTBF 29

RESULT 27

A:61579
hypothetical protein CP0403 [imported] - *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii* (strain AR39)
C:Species: *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii*
C:Date: 31-Mar-2000 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: H61579
R:Read, T.D.; Brunham, R.C.; Shen, C.; Gill, S.R.; Heidelberg, J.F.; White, O.; Hickey,
C.; Dodson, R.; Gwinn, M.; Nelson, W.; DeBoy, R.; Kolonay, J.; McClarty, G.; Salzberg,
Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 1397-1406, 2000
A:Title: Genome sequences of *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii* MOPN and *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii* AR39.
A:Reference number: A61500; MUID:20150255; PMID:10684935
A:Accession: H61579
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-38 <REA>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9K283; UNIPARC:UPI000000CC62; GB:AE002202; GB:AE002161; NID

A:Experimental source: strain AR39, HL cells

C:Genetics:
A:Gene: CP0403

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 38;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 6.5e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
Db 22 KKKRLFF 29

RESULT 28

AB1151
Hypothetical protein NMB0862 [imported] - *Neisseria meningitidis* (strain MC58 serogroup

C:Species: *Neisseria meningitidis*
C>Date: 31-Mar-2000 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: AB1151
R:Retellein, H.; Saunders, N.J.; Heidelberg, J.; Jeffries, A.C.; Nelson, K.E.; Eisen, J.A.
Hickey, E.K.; Haft, D.H.; Salzberg, S.L.; White, O.; Fleischmann, R.D.; Dougherty, B.A.;
Li, H.; Qin, H.; Vamathevan, J.; Gill, J.; Scarlato, V.; Maignan, V.; Pizsa, M.
Science 287 1809-1815, 2000

A:Authors: Grandi, G.; Sun, L.; Smith, H.O.; Frazer, C.M.; Moxon, E.R.; Rappuoli, R.; V.
A:Title: Complete genome sequence of *Neisseria meningitidis* serogroup B strain MC58.
A:Reference number: AB1000; MUID:20175755; PMID:10710307

A:Accession: AB1151

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-39 <TRT>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9JZX2; UNIPARC:UPI00000C45B1; GB:AE002439; GB:AE002098; NID

A:Experimental source: serogroup B, strain MC58

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: NMB0862

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 39;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 6.7e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
Db 23 VLSRALIF 30

RESULT 29

hypothetical protein Z4614 [imported] - *Escherichia coli* (strain O157:H7, substrain EDL93

C:Species: *Escherichia coli*
C>Date: 16-Feb-2001 #sequence_revision 16-Feb-2001 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: B85990

R:Perna, N.T.; Plunkett III, G.; Burland, V.; Mau, B.; Glasner, J.D.; Rose, D.J.; Mayhew
Miller, L.; Grobbeck, E.J.; Davis, N.W.; Lim, A.; Dimalanta, E.; Potamousis, K.; Apodaca,
Nature 409 529-533, 2001
A:Title: Genome sequence of enterohemorrhagic *Escherichia coli* O157:H7.
A:Reference number: AB5480; MUID:21074935; PMID:11206551

A:Accession: B85990

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-39 <STO>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q8X417; UNIPARC:UPI00000D0B65; GB:AE005174; NID:912517881; F
A:Experimental source: strain O157:H7, substrain EDL933

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: Z4614

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 39;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 6.7e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
Db 25 LIRALAF 32

RESULT 30

S07969

T-cell receptor alpha chain V-J region (clone 18 BM 7) - mouse (fragment)

C:Species: *Mus musculus* (house mouse)

C>Date: 31-Mar-1990 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-1990 #text_change 23-Jul-1999

C:Accession: S07969

R:Bill, J.; Yaguee, J.; Appel, V.B.; White, J.; Horn, G.; Erlich, H.A.; Palmer, E.
J. Exp. Med. 169, 115-133, 1989

A:Title: Molecular genetic analysis of 178 I-A(Dm12)-reactive T cells.

A:Reference number: S05590; MUID:89080476; PMID:2783331

A:Accession: S07969

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-40 <BIL>

A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI0000115E1A; EMBL:X14931; NID:G54859; PIDN:CAA33058.1; PID

A>Note: the protein sequence was determined from Fig. 4B is inconsistent with the nucleotide sequence f

C:Suprafamily: Immunoglobulin V region; Immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: T-cell receptor
F:1-35/Region: J segment

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 40;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 6.9e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
Db 18 QGRALIF 25

RESULT 31

B27579
T-cell receptor beta chain V-D-J regions (TRB67) - rat (fragment)

C:Species: *Rattus norvegicus* (Norway rat)

C>Date: 08-Mar-1989 #sequence_revision 08-Mar-1989 #text_change 23-Jul-1999

C:Accession: B27579

R:Morris, M.; Barclay, A.N.; Williams, A.F.

Immunogenetics 27, 174-179, 1988

A:Title: Analysis of T cell receptor beta chains in rat thymus, and rat C-alpha and C-beta

A:Reference number: A27578; MUID:88113841; PMID:2962935

A:Accession: B27579

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-41 <MOR>

A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI0000114D4B; GB:M18849; NID:G207241; PIDN:AAA42229.1; PID

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: T-cell receptor

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 41;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.1e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
:::|::|
Db 12 PDDRGIXF 19

RESULT 32

D82691
Hypothetical protein XP1349 [imported] - *Xylella fastidiosa* (strain 9a5c)

C:Species: *Xylella fastidiosa*

C>Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence_revision 20-Aug-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C:Accession: D82691

R:anonymous, The *Xylella fastidiosa* Consortium of the Organization for Nucleotide Sequen

A:Title: The genome sequence of the plant pathogen *Xylella fastidiosa*.

A:Reference number: A82515; MUID:20365717; PMID:10910347

A>Note: for a complete list of authors see reference number A59328 below

A:Accession: D82691

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-41 <SIM>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9PDN0; UNIPARC:UPI00000C26D8; GB:AE003967; GB:AE003849; NID

A:Experimental source: strain 9a5c

```
R.Simpson, A.J.G.; Reinach, F.C.; Arruda, P.; Abreu, F.A.; Acencio, M.; Alvarenga, R.; A  
Brienes, M.R.S.; Bueno, M.R.P.; Camargo, A.A.; Camargo, L.E.A.; Carraro, D.M.; Carrier, H  
de-Neco, E.; Docena, C.; El-Dorri, H.; Facincani, A.P.; Ferreira, A.U.S.  
Submitted to GenBank, June 2000  
A:Authors: Ferreira, V.C.A.; Kemper, E.L.; Kitajima, J.P.; Krieger, J.E.; Kuramae, E.E.; Laigz  
J.D.; Junqueira, M.L.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madeira, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, E  
chado, M.A.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madeira, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, E  
A:Authors: Martins, E.M.F.; Matsukuma, A.Y.; Menck, C.F.M.; Miracca, E.C.; Miyaki, C.Y.;  
F.G.; Nunes, L.R.; Oliveira, M.A.; de Oliveira, M.C.; de Oliveira, R.C.; Palmieri, D.A  
Rodrigues, V.; Rosa, A.J. de M.; de Rosa Jr., V.E.; de Sa, R.G.; Santelli, R.V.; Sawasak  
A:Authors: da Silva, A.C.R.; da Silva, F.R.; da Silva, A.M.; Silva Jr., W.A.; da Silveir  
M.; Tsubako, M.H.; Vallada, H.; Van Sluys, M.A.; Verjovski-Almeida, S.; Vettore, A.L.; Z  
A:Reference number: A59328  
A:Contents: annotation  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: XP1349  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 41;  
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.1e+02;  
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8  
Db 32 MTDRLIF 39  
RESULT 33  
B82544  
hypothetical protein XP2541 [imported] - Xylella fastidiosa (strain 9asc)  
C:Species: Xylella fastidiosa  
C>Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence_revision 20-Aug-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004  
C:Accession: B82544  
R:Anonymous, The Xylella fastidiosa Consortium of the Organization for Nucleotide Sequen  
Nature 406, 151-157, 2000  
A:Title: The genome sequence of the plant pathogen Xylella fastidiosa.  
A:Reference number: A82515; PMID:20365717; PMID:10910347  
A:Note: for a complete list of authors see reference number A59328 below  
A:Accession: B82544  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-41 <STM>  
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9PAH7; UNIPARC:UPI00000C2A90; GB:AE004061; GB:AE003849; NID  
A:Experimental source: strain 9asc  
R:Simpson, A.J.G.; Reinach, F.C.; Arruda, P.; Abreu, F.A.; Acencio, M.; Alvarenga, R.; A  
Brienes, M.R.S.; Bueno, M.R.P.; Camargo, A.A.; Camargo, L.E.A.; Carraro, D.M.; Carrier, H  
de-Neco, E.; Docena, C.; El-Dorri, H.; Facincani, A.P.; Ferreira, A.U.S.  
submitted to GenBank, June 2000  
A:Authors: Ferreira, V.C.A.; Kemper, E.L.; Kitajima, J.P.; Krieger, J.E.; Kuramae, E.E.; Laigz  
J.D.; Junqueira, M.L.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madeira, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, E  
chado, M.A.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madeira, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, E  
A:Authors: Martins, E.M.F.; Matsukuma, A.Y.; Menck, C.F.M.; Miracca, E.C.; Miyaki, C.Y.;  
F.G.; Nunes, L.R.; Oliveira, M.A.; de Oliveira, M.C.; de Oliveira, R.C.; Palmieri, D.A  
Rodrigues, V.; Rosa, A.J. de M.; de Rosa Jr., V.E.; de Sa, R.G.; Santelli, R.V.; Sawasak  
A:Authors: da Silva, A.C.R.; da Silva, F.R.; da Silva, A.M.; Silva Jr., W.A.; da Silveir  
M.; Tsubako, M.H.; Vallada, H.; Van Sluys, M.A.; Verjovski-Almeida, S.; Vettore, A.L.; Z  
A:Reference number: A59328  
A:Contents: annotation  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: XP2541  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 41;  
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.1e+02;  
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8  
Db 20 WCCRYLGF 27  
RESULT 34  
G56271  
lpfa 5'-region hypothetical protein - Salmonella typhimurium (fragment)  
C:Species: Salmonella typhimurium  
C>Date: 03-Oct-1995 #sequence_revision 03-Oct-1995 #text_change 29-Sep-1999  
C:Accession: G56271  
R:Baumler, A.U.; Hefron, P  
J. Bacteriol. 177, 2087-2097, 1995  
A:Title: Identification and sequence analysis of lpfaBCDE, a putative fimbrial operon of  
A:Reference number: A56271; PMID:95238281; PMID:7721701  
A:Accession: G56271  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-42 <BAE>  
A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI00001702D6; GB:U18559; NID:9829370; PID:NAA73965.1; PID:  
C:Superfamily: hypothetical protein c0103  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 42;  
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.2e+02;  
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8  
Db 5 GGSRYLTF 12  
RESULT 35  
T07581  
hypothetical protein 42g - Japanese black pine chloroplast  
C:Species: chloroplast Pinus thunbergiana (Japanese black pine)  
C>Date: 14-May-1999 #sequence_revision 14-May-1999 #text_change 09-Jul-2004  
C:Accession: T07581  
R:Wakasugi, T.; Tsubzuki, J.; Ito, S.; Nakashima, K.; Tsubzuki, T.; Sugitara, M.  
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 91, 9794-9798, 1994  
A:Title: Loss of all ndh genes as determined by sequencing the entire chloroplast genome  
A:Reference number: Z16030; PMID:95024047; PMID:7937893  
A:Accession: T07581  
A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-42 <MAK>  
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q33005; UNIPARC:UPI00000939E4; EMBL:D17510; NID:9529643; PID  
C:Genetics:  
A:Genome: chloroplast  
C:Keywords: chloroplast  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 42;  
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.2e+02;  
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8  
Db 11 LSIRLSLF 18  
RESULT 36  
D81730  
hypothetical protein TC0191 [imported] - Chlamydia muridarum (strain Nig9)  
C:Species: Chlamydia muridarum, Chlamydia trachomatis MoPn  
C>Date: 31-Mar-2000 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004  
C:Accession: D81730  
R:Read, T.D.; Brumham, R.C.; Shen, C.; Gyll, S.R.; Heidelberg, J.F.; White, O.; Hickey,  
C.; Dodson, R.; Gwinn, M.; Nelson, W.; Deboy, R.; Kolonay, J.; McClarty, G.; Salzberg,  
Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 1397-1406, 2000  
A:Title: Genome sequences of Chlamydia trachomatis MoPn and Chlamydia pneumoniae AR39.  
A:Reference number: A81500; PMID:20150255; PMID:10664935  
A:Accession: D81730  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-42 <TET>  
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9PIB6; UNIPARC:UPI000005781F; GB:AE002286; GB:AE002160; NID  
A:Experimental source: strain Nig9 (MoPn)  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: TC0191  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 42;  
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.2e+02;  
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
```


QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 30 IGVRLDLP 37

RESULT 37

B82629

hypothetical protein XP1866 [imported] - *Xylella fastidiosa* (strain 9a5c)C/Species: *Xylella fastidiosa*

C/Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence_revision 20-Aug-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C/Accession: B82629

R/Anonymous, The *Xylella fastidiosa* Consortium of the Organization for Nucleotide Sequencing

Nature 406, 151-157, 2000

A/Title: The genome sequence of the plant pathogen *Xylella fastidiosa*.

A/Reference number: A82515; PMID:20365717; PMID:10910347

A/Note: for a complete list of authors see reference number A59328 below

A/Accession: B82629

A/Status: preliminary

A/Molecule type: DNA

A/Residues: 1-42 <SIM>

A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9PC85; UNIPARC:UP10000CC286C; GB:AE004007; GB:AE003849; NID:

A/Experimental source: strain 9a5c

R/Stimpson, A.J.G.; Reinach, F.C.; Arruda, P.; Abreu, F.A.; Acencio, M.; Alvaranga, R.; A

Brites, M.R.S.; Bueno, M.R.P.; Camargo, A.A.; Camargo, L.E.A.; Carraro, D.M.; Carreir, H

as-Neco, E.; Docena, C.; El-Dorri, H.; Facincani, A.P.; Ferreira, A.U.S.

submitted to Genbank, June 2000

A/Authors: Ferreira, V.C.A.; Ferro, J.A.; Franca, S.C.; Franco, M.C.; Frohm

J.D.; Junqueira, M.L.; Kemper, E.L.; Kitajima, J.P.; Krieger, J.E.; Kuramae, E.E.; Laigh

Chado, M.A.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madeira, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, E

A/Authors: Martins, E.M.F.; Matsukuma, A.Y.; Menck, C.F.M.; Miracca, B.C.; Miyaki, C.Y.;

F.G.; Nunes, L.R.; Oliveira, M.A.; de Oliveira, M.C.; de Oliveira, R.C.; Palmieri, D.A

Rodrigues, V.; Rosa, A.J. de M.; de Rosa Jr., V.E.; de Sa, R.G.; Santelli, R.V.; Sawasak

M.; Tsuchioka, M.H.; Vallada, H.; Van Sluys, M.A.; Verjovski-Almeida, S.; Vettore, A.L.; Z

A/Reference number: A59328

A/Content: annotation

C/Genetics:

A/Gene: XP1866

Query Match Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 42;

Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 1 MYRQDLDF 8

RESULT 38

F81505

hypothetical protein CP1078 [imported] - *Chlamydia pneumoniae* (strain AR39)C/Species: *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, *Chlamydia pneumoniae*

C/Date: 31-Mar-2000 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C/Accession: F81505

R/Read, T.D.; Brumham, R.C.; Shen, C.; Gill, S.R.; Heideberg, J.F.; White, O.; Hickey,

C.; Dodson, R.; Gwin, M.; Nelson, W.; Deboy, R.; Kolonay, J.; McClarty, G.; Salzberg,

Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 1397-1406, 2000

A/Title: Genome sequences of *Chlamydia trachomatis* MoPn and *Chlamydia pneumoniae* AR39.

A/Reference number: A81500; PMID:20150255; PMID:10684935

A/Accession: F81505

A/Status: preliminary

A/Molecule type: DNA

A/Residues: 1-43 <R&A>

A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9K157; UNIPARC:UP100000CCCE0; GB:AE002264; GB:AE002161; NIT

C/Genetics:

A/Experimental source: strain AR39, HL cells

Query Match Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 43;

Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 10 SLRRLHLP 17

RESULT 39

P10091

Ig heavy chain V region (B3938) - mouse (fragment)

C/Species: *Mus musculus* (house mouse)

C/Date: 07-Jun-1990 #sequence_revision 07-Jun-1990 #text_change 23-Jul-1999

C/Accession: P10091

J.Meek, K.; Hasegawa, C.; Pollok, B.; Alkan, S.S.; Bratt, M.; Slaoui, M.; Urbain, J.; Ca

R. Exp. Med. 169, 519-533, 1989

A/Title: Structural characterization of antidiabetic antibodies; evidence that Ab2s are

A/Reference number: P10080; PMID:89094248; PMID:2492056

A/Accession: P10091

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 1-44 <ME>

A/Cross-references: UNIPARC:UP10000115F25; GB:X58591; GB:Y00794; NID:G51567; PIDN:CAA414

A/Note: the sequence shown here is from the VH region of a syngeneic antibody to antiphic

C/Superfamily: Immunoglobulin V region, immunoglobulin homology

C/Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

Query Match Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 44;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 24 PLRLHLP 31

RESULT 40

H83936

hypothetical protein BH2296 [imported] - *Bacillus halodurans* (strain C-125)C/Species: *Bacillus halodurans*

C/Date: 01-Dec-2000 #sequence_revision 01-Dec-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C/Accession: H83936

R/Takami, H.; Nakasone, K.; Takaki, Y.; Maeno, G.; Sasaki, R.; Maeni, N.; Fujii, F.; Hira

Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 4317-4331, 2000

A/Title: Complete genome sequence of the alkaliphilic bacterium *Bacillus halodurans* and

A/Reference number: A83650; PMID:20512582; PMID:11058132

A/Accession: H83936

A/Status: preliminary

A/Molecule type: DNA

A/Residues: 1-45 <STO>

A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9KAJ1; UNIPARC:UP100000CC3E80; GB:AP001515; GB:BA000004; NIT

A/Experimental source: strain C-125

C/Genetics:

A/Gene: BH2296

Query Match Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 45;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:
Db 2 RKIRKLSP 9

RESULT 41

P95023

hypothetical protein SP0203 [imported] - *Streptococcus pneumoniae* (strain TIGR4)C/Species: *Streptococcus pneumoniae*

C/Date: 03-Aug-2001 #sequence_revision 03-Aug-2001 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C/Accession: P95023

R/Tetelin, H.; Nelson, K.B.; Paulsen, I.T.; Eisen, J.A.; Read, T.D.; Peterson, S.; Hei-

on, J.D.; Umayam, L.A.; White, O.; Salzberg, S.L.; Lewis, M.R.; Radune, D.; Holtzaple,

neon, T.; Hickey, B.K.; Holt, I.E.

Science 293, 498-506, 2001

A/Authors: Loftus, B.J.; Yang, F.; Smith, H.O.; Venter, J.C.; Dougherty, B.A.; Morrison

A/Title: Complete Genome Sequence of a virulent isolate of *Streptococcus pneumoniae*.

A/Reference number: A95000; PMID:2157209; PMID:11463916

A:Accession: F95023
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-46 <KUR>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q975M1; UNIPARC:UPI000005133F; GB:AE005672; PIDN:AAK74383.1;
A:Experimental source: strain TIGR4
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: SP0203

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 46;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.9e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 28 KKRLLSF 35

RESULT 42
A:Accession: A99802
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-46 <HAY>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q8X2G6; UNIPARC:UPI000002ADJ3; GB:BA000007; PIDN:BA034808.1;
A:Experimental source: strain O157:H7, substrain RIMD 0509952
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: EC01385

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 46;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.9e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 12 HGRRLCF 19

RESULT 43
A:Accession: D84334
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-46 <STO>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9HP30; UNIPARC:UPI000006399F; GB:AE004437; NID:910581278; F
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: VNG1832H

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 46;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.9e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8

DB 4 NEKRLLF 11

RESULT 44
A:Accession: A03569
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-46 <KUR>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q8YCP8; UNIPARC:UPI00000584CF; GB:AE008918; PIDN:AAL53722.1;
A:Experimental source: strain 16M
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: BME110480
A:Map position: 11

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 46;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 7.9e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 33 SKRSLKF 40

RESULT 45
A:Accession: S39358
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-47 <XIO>
A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI0000179862

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 47;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 8.1e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 38 HSKRLIF 45

RESULT 46
A:Accession: T20751
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-48 <ML>
A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:O17790; UNIPARC:UPI0000078C38; EMBL:Z52830; PIDN:CAE07358.1.

A:Experimental source: clone F11AS
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: CESP:F11AS.6
 A:Map position: 5

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 48;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 8.2e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 DB 19 EYMRILGF 26

RESULT 47

H84063
 hypothetical protein BH3312 [imported] - Bacillus halodurans (strain C-125)
 C:Species: Bacillus halodurans
 C:Date: 01-Dec-2000 #sequence_revision 01-Dec-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C:Accession: H84063
 R:Takami, H.; Nakasone, K.; Takaki, Y.; Maeno, G.; Sasaki, R.; Masui, N.; Fujii, F.; Hirai
 Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 4317-4331, 2000
 A:Title: Complete genome sequence of the alkaliphilic bacterium Bacillus halodurans and
 A:Reference number: A83650; MUID:20512582; PMID:11058132
 A:Accession: H84063
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-48 <STO>
 A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9K7B9; UNIPARC:UPI00000C416D; GB:AP001518; GB:BA000004; NID
 A:Experimental source: strain C-125
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: BH3312

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 48;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 8.2e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 DB 33 MYRRCILF 40

RESULT 48

B28118
 ubiquinol-cytochrome-c reductase (EC 1.10.2.2) cytochrome b - Crithidia fasciculata mito
 C:Species: mitochondrion Crithidia fasciculata
 C:Date: 28-Oct-1988 #sequence_revision 28-Oct-1988 #text_change 31-Dec-2004
 C:Accession: B28118; B25877
 R:Feagin, J.E.; Shaw, J.M.; Simpson, L.; Stuart, K.
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85, 539-543, 1988
 A:Title: Creation of AUG initiation codons by addition of uridines within cytochrome b
 A:Reference number: A28118; MUID:88124876; PMID:2448777
 A:Accession: B28118
 A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual tra
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-48 <FEA>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q34098; UNIPARC:UPI0000174C9D
 R:Stoof, P.; van den Burg, J.; Voogd, A.; Benne, R.
 Nucleic Acids Res. 15, 51-65, 1987
 A:Title: The nucleotide sequence of a 3.2 kb segment of mitochondrial maxicircle DNA enc
 ytochrome b gene and a possible frameshift gene; further evidence for the use of unusual
 A:Reference number: A25877; MUID:87146364; PMID:3029678
 A:Accession: B25877
 A:Status: preliminary; not compared with conceptual translation

A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 'KK', '15', 'KKKK', '20-48', 'W' <SLO>
 A:Cross-references: UNIPARC:UPI000009677F; GB:X05063; NID:G12861; PTDN:CAA28730.1; PTD:G
 C:Genetics:
 A:Genome: mitochondrion
 A:Genetic code: SGC5
 C:Superfamily: cytochrome b homology; cytochrome b6 homology; plastocyanin-plastocyanin
 C:Keywords: electron transfer; mitochondrion; oxidative phosphorylation; oxidoreductase;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 48;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 8.2e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 DB 3 FRVRFLIF 10

RESULT 49

DB1567
 hypothetical protein CP0514 [imported] - Chlamydomonas pneumoniae (strain AR39)
 C:Species: Chlamydomonas pneumoniae
 C:Date: 31-Mar-2000 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C:Accession: DB1567
 R:Read, T.D.; Brunham, R.C.; Shen, C.; Gill, S.R.; Heidelberg, J.F.; White, O.; Hickey,
 C.; Dodson, R.; Gwin, M.; Nelson, W.; DeBoy, R.; Kolonay, J.; McClarty, G.; Salzberg,
 Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 1397-1406, 2000
 A:Title: Genome sequences of Chlamydia trachomatis Mopn and Chlamydia pneumoniae AR39.
 A:Reference number: AB1500; MUID:20150255; PMID:10684935
 A:Accession: DB1567
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-49 <REA>
 A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9K257; UNIPARC:UPI00000CCCT6; GB:AE002212; GB:AE002161; NID
 A:Experimental source: strain AR39, HL cells
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: CP0514

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 49;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 8.4e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 DB 33 FKLRLILF 40

RESULT 50

H90537
 hypothetical protein MYPV 2080 [imported] - Mycoplasma pulmonis (strain UAB CTIP)
 C:Species: Mycoplasma pulmonis
 C:Date: 24-May-2001 #sequence_revision 24-May-2001 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C:Accession: H90537
 R:Chambaud, J.; Heilig, R.; Ferris, S.; Barbe, V.; Samson, D.; Gallison, F.; Moszer, I.;
 Nucleic Acids Res. 29, 2145-2153, 2001
 A:Title: The complete genome sequence of the murine respiratory pathogen Mycoplasma pul.
 A:Reference number: A99512; MUID:21267165; PMID:11353084
 A:Accession: H90537
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-50 <KUR>

A:Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q98R02; UNIPARC:UPI00000C802A; GB:AL445566; PTD:G14089621;
 A:Experimental source: strain UAB CTIP
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: MYPV 2080
 A:Genetic code: SGC3

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 50;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 8.6e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 DB 14 LTRRPLIF 21

Search completed: May 5, 2006, 12:23:53
 Job time : 20 secs

GenCore version 5.1.7
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2006 Bioacceleration Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 5, 2006, 12:19:10 ; Search time 74 Seconds
(without alignments)
76.273 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-726-470A-2

Perfect score: 20

Sequence: 1 XXXRXIXP 8

Scoring table: BLOSUM62DX
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 2166443 seqs, 705528306 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 2166443

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 100 summaries

Database :
1: uniprot_05.80.*
2: uniprot_trembl.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	20	100.0	9	1	P43172 ascaris suu
2	20	100.0	13	2	Q841R8 SYNPE
3	20	100.0	17	2	Q64973 SYBROM
4	20	100.0	17	2	Q64974 SYBROM
5	20	100.0	19	2	Q711Y2 RHITO
6	20	100.0	20	2	Q5C7I1 SCHUA
7	20	100.0	20	2	Q4YCL5 PLABE
8	20	100.0	20	2	Q711Y6 RHITO
9	20	100.0	20	2	Q9R4W7 HELPY
10	20	100.0	20	2	Q9R5K2 LEPIN
11	20	100.0	21	2	Q8XBJ2 RALSO
12	20	100.0	22	2	Q357J3 STRYP
13	20	100.0	22	2	Q4YTG6 PLABE
14	20	100.0	22	2	Q9R510 HELPY
15	20	100.0	22	2	Q9K8Q3 BACHD
16	20	100.0	23	2	Q5BR34 SCHUA
17	20	100.0	24	2	Q4X467 PLACH
18	20	100.0	24	2	Q7M1J2 TREHY
19	20	100.0	24	2	Q4YU77 SEPHN
20	20	100.0	25	1	FLAB1 TREHY
21	20	100.0	25	2	Q5C7I1 SCHUA
22	20	100.0	25	2	Q4X8A2 PLACH
23	20	100.0	25	2	Q11472 SHEPC
24	20	100.0	25	2	Q9PR84 ONCMY
25	20	100.0	26	2	Q4X1P3 PLACH
26	20	100.0	26	2	Q4XSJ0 PLACH
27	20	100.0	27	2	Q91ZN8 MOUSE
28	20	100.0	27	2	Q4SKW5 TETNG
29	20	100.0	28	2	Q7M2D7 TRYCO
30	20	100.0	28	2	Q4YUN9 PLABE
31	20	100.0	28	2	Q4YUN9 PLABE

32	20	100.0	28	2	Q4L621 STAHU	Q4L621 staphylococ
33	20	100.0	28	2	Q9DD70 CHICK	Q9DD70 gallus gall
34	20	100.0	28	2	Q9DF77 CHICK	Q9DF77 gallus gall
35	20	100.0	30	1	AP65 CABWA	AP65 carinus ma
36	20	100.0	30	2	Q4XC54 PLACH	Q4XC54 plasmodium
37	20	100.0	30	2	Q4YQ95 PLABE	Q4YQ95 plasmodium
38	20	100.0	30	2	Q9R5K3 LEPIN	Q9R5K3 leptospira
39	20	100.0	30	2	Q9RER6 ENTAE	Q9RER6 enterobacte
40	20	100.0	30	2	Q57H84 SALCH	Q57H84 salmonella
41	20	100.0	30	2	Q5PR80 SALPA	Q5PR80 salmonella
42	20	100.0	31	2	Q4XBW6 PLACH	Q4XBW6 plasmodium
43	20	100.0	31	2	Q4KAJ3 PSERF	Q4KAJ3 pseudomonas
44	20	100.0	31	2	Q65TW8 MANSM	Q65TW8 manheimia
45	20	100.0	31	2	Q87K91 VIBPA	Q87K91 vibrio para
46	20	100.0	31	2	Q8KBJ8 CHLTE	Q8KBJ8 chlorobium
47	20	100.0	31	2	Q67974 HRPBV	Q67974 hepatitis b
48	20	100.0	31	2	Q68005 HRPBV	Q68005 hepatitis b
49	20	100.0	31	2	Q9BYF3 HPMAN	Q9BYF3 homo sapien
50	20	100.0	32	2	Q4X2P5 PLACH	Q4X2P5 plasmodium
51	20	100.0	32	2	Q7P2W5 FUSNV	Q7P2W5 fusobacteri
52	20	100.0	32	2	Q65S24 MANSM	Q65S24 manheimia
53	20	100.0	32	2	Q9KLI3 VIBCH	Q9KLI3 vibrio chol
54	20	100.0	32	2	Q81S50 BACAN	Q81S50 bacillus an
55	20	100.0	32	2	Q5HGK1 STPAC	Q5HGK1 staphylococ
56	20	100.0	32	2	Q8RF24 CHLTE	Q8RF24 chlorobium
57	20	100.0	32	2	Q69435 GFLAV	Q69435 gb virus c/
58	20	100.0	32	2	Q69436 GFLAV	Q69436 gb virus c/
59	20	100.0	32	2	Q69438 GFLAV	Q69438 gb virus c/
60	20	100.0	32	2	Q69439 GFLAV	Q69439 gb virus c/
61	20	100.0	32	2	Q69440 GFLAV	Q69440 gb virus c/
62	20	100.0	32	2	Q69441 GFLAV	Q69441 gb virus c/
63	20	100.0	32	2	Q69442 GFLAV	Q69442 gb virus c/
64	20	100.0	32	2	Q9PRV2 HRPBV	Q9PRV2 hepatitis b
65	20	100.0	32	2	Q13040 LAMPV	Q13040 lampetra pl
66	20	100.0	32	2	Q9PRV9 BITAR	Q9PRV9 bitis ariet
67	20	100.0	33	2	Q9BUZ1 HUMAN	Q9BUZ1 homo sapien
68	20	100.0	33	2	Q5BY27 SCHUA	Q5BY27 schistosoma
69	20	100.0	33	2	Q4Z9N3 LEPRO	Q4Z9N3 bacterioph
70	20	100.0	33	2	Q8GQU2 LEPRO	Q8GQU2 leptospira
71	20	100.0	33	2	Q93Q13 LISMO	Q93Q13 listeria mo
72	20	100.0	33	2	Q9R5L6 HELPY	Q9R5L6 helicobacte
73	20	100.0	33	2	Q4MTJ7 BACBE	Q4MTJ7 bacillus ce
74	20	100.0	33	2	Q74N12 BACCI	Q74N12 bacillus ce
75	20	100.0	33	2	Q8B376 SHRON	Q8B376 shewanella
76	20	100.0	33	2	Q81MM6 BACAN	Q81MM6 bacillus an
77	20	100.0	33	2	Q11474 GFLAV	Q11474 gb virus c/
78	20	100.0	33	2	Q11475 GFLAV	Q11475 gb virus c/
79	20	100.0	33	2	Q11476 GFLAV	Q11476 gb virus c/
80	20	100.0	33	2	Q11477 GFLAV	Q11477 gb virus c/
81	20	100.0	33	2	Q39192 GFLAV	Q39192 gb virus c/
82	20	100.0	33	2	Q39193 GFLAV	Q39193 gb virus c/
83	20	100.0	33	2	Q39194 GFLAV	Q39194 gb virus c/
84	20	100.0	33	2	Q5EGM5 ANAFA	Q5EGM5 anas falcat
85	20	100.0	33	2	Q4RLD7 TETNG	Q4RLD7 tetraodon n
86	20	100.0	33	2	Q8RW51 HUMAN	Q8RW51 homo sapien
87	20	100.0	34	2	Q4XTE8 PLACH	Q4XTE8 plasmodium
88	20	100.0	34	2	Q43108 PTEVI	Q43108 pteris vilt
89	20	100.0	34	2	Q5QET2 ARAHY	Q5QET2 arachis hyp
90	20	100.0	34	2	Q8F1K5 LEPIN	Q8F1K5 leptospira
91	20	100.0	34	2	Q87RX1 VIBPA	Q87RX1 vibrio para
92	20	100.0	34	2	Q9JY24 NEIMB	Q9JY24 neisseria m
93	20	100.0	34	2	Q9KFA1 BACHD	Q9KFA1 bacillus ha
94	20	100.0	34	2	Q729W1 DESVA	Q729W1 desulfovibr
95	20	100.0	34	2	Q5SU80 MOUSE	Q5SU80 mus musculu
96	20	100.0	34	2	Q4RCN8 TETNG	Q4RCN8 tetraodon n
97	20	100.0	34	2	Q4TH65 TETNG	Q4TH65 tetraodon n
98	20	100.0	35	2	Q7S6V3 NEURO	Q7S6V3 neurospora
99	20	100.0	35	2	Q8ITS8 GALME	Q8ITS8 galliera me
100	20	100.0	35	2	Q8ITS8 GALME	Q8ITS8 galliera me

ALIGNMENTS


```

DT 05-JUL-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 27, Last sequence update)
DT 05-JUL-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 27, Last annotation update)
DE NodB protein (Fragment).
GN Name=nodB;
OS Rhizobium loti (Mesorhizobium loti).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Rhizobiales;
OC Phyllobacteriaceae; Mesorhizobium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=381;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC STRAIN=NZP2037;
RA Moulin L.;
RL Submitted (NOV-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AJ300246; CAC82867.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
FT NON TER
SQ SEQUENCE 19 AA; 2200 MW; 4FCBFE684808BBB CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 1.7e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 6 LSARFLKF 13

RESULT 6
Q5C711 SCHJA PRELIMINARY; PRT; 20 AA.
ID Q5C711;
AC Q5C711;
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, Created)
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, Last sequence update)
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
OS Schistosoma japonicum (Blood fluke).
OC Schistosoma; Metazoa; Platyhelminthes; Trematoda; Digenea; Strigeiida;
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Platyhelminthes; Schistosoma.
OX NCBI_TaxID=6182;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC Han Z.;
RA Submitted (MAR-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RL EMBL; AY808504; AAX24393.1; -; mRNA.
KM Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 20 AA; 2421 MW; B0DABA3920860C4B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 11 LSARFLKF 18

RESULT 7
Q4YCU5_PLABE PRELIMINARY; PRT; 20 AA.
ID Q4YCU5;
AC Q4YCU5;
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Created)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
OS Plasmodium berghei.
OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=5821;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC Hall N., Karras M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kooij T.W.A.,
RA Berriman M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churcher C.,
RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.B., Mendoza J.,

```

```

RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
RA Janse C.J., Barrall B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sindén R.S.;
RA "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
RT transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses."
RL Science 307:82-86 (2005).
CC -1- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
CC EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
CC preliminary data.
DR EMBL; CA101006614; CA104275.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 20 AA; 2470 MW; DB7AA80E3BC317C4 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 5 VILRFLIF 12

RESULT 8
Q711Y6_RHIL0 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 20 AA.
ID Q711Y6;
AC Q711Y6;
DT 05-JUL-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 27, Created)
DT 05-JUL-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 27, Last sequence update)
DT 05-JUL-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 27, Last annotation update)
DE NodB protein (Fragment).
GN Name=nodB;
OS Rhizobium loti (Mesorhizobium loti).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Rhizobiales;
OC Phyllobacteriaceae; Mesorhizobium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=381;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC STRAIN=RLR;
RA Moulin L.;
RA Submitted (NOV-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RL EMBL; AJ300244; CAC82863.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
FT NON TER
SQ SEQUENCE 20 AA; 2274 MW; F8CFDB24084808B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 6 LSARFLKF 13

RESULT 9
Q9R4W7_HELPY PRELIMINARY; PRT; 20 AA.
ID Q9R4W7;
AC Q9R4W7;
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 14, Last annotation update)
DE 66 kDa major heat shock protein (Fragment).
OS Helicobacter pylori (Campylobacter pylori).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Epsilonproteobacteria; Campylobacterales;
OC Helicobacteriaceae; Helicobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=210;
RN [1]
RP PROTEIN SEQUENCE.
RC MEDLINE=95020803; Pubmed=7935068;
RX Yokota K., Hirai Y., Haque M., Hayashi S., Isogai H., Sugiyama T.,
RA Nagamachi E., Tsukada Y., Fujii N., Oguma K.;
RT "Heat shock protein produced by Helicobacter pylori."
RL Microbiol. Immunol. 38:403-405 (1994).
SQ SEQUENCE 20 AA; 2368 MW; D5C93C2B277B4BA1 CRC64;

```

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 : : : : :
 DB 8 DSARNILF 15

RESULT 10

Q9R5K2_LEPIN PRELIMINARY; PRT; 20 AA.
 AC Q9R5K2; 01-MAY-2000 (TRENBLREL. 13, Created)
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TRENBLREL. 13, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-JUN-2003 (TRENBLREL. 24, Last annotation update)
 DE 35.5 kDa periplasmic flagella core protein (Fragment).
 OS Leptospira interrogans.
 OC Bacteria; Spirochaetes; Spirochaetales; Leptospiraceae; Leptospira.
 NCBI_TaxID=173;
 RN [1]
 RP PROTEIN SEQUENCE.
 RX MEDLINE=92325069; PubMed=1624463;
 RA Trubda G.A., Bolin C.A., Zuermer R.L.;
 RT "Characterization of the periplasmic flagellum proteins of Leptospira
 interrogans." 174:4761-4768(1992).
 RL J. Bacteriol. 174:4761-4768(1992).
 DR PIR: B44913; B44913.
 SQ SEQUENCE 20 AA; 2328 MW; D6C2C8BC3584C5AC CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 : : : : :
 DB 11 FAHRTLKF 18

RESULT 11

Q8XPJ2_RALSO PRELIMINARY; PRT; 21 AA.
 AC Q8XPJ2; 01-MAR-2002 (TRENBLREL. 20, Created)
 DT 01-MAR-2002 (TRENBLREL. 20, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-JUN-2003 (TRENBLREL. 24, Last annotation update)
 DE Hypothetical protein Rsp1648.
 GN OrderedlocusNames=RSpl648; ORFNames=RS02207;
 OC Ralstonia solanacearum (Pseudomonas solanacearum).
 OG Plasmid megaplasmid.
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Betaproteobacteria; Burkholderiales;
 OC Burkholderiaceae; Ralstonia.
 NCBI_TaxID=305;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RC STRAIN=EM11000;
 RX MEDLINE=21681879; PubMed=11623852; DOI=10.1038/415497a;
 RA Salanoubat M., Genin S., Artiguenave F., Gouy J., Mangent S.,
 Arlet M., Billault A., Broctier P., Camus J.C., Catolico L.,
 Chandler M., Choise N., Claudel-Renard C., Cunac S., Demange N.,
 Gaspin C., Lavie M., Moisan A., Robert C., Saurin W., Schlex T.,
 Signier P., Thebaud P., Whalen M., Wincker F., Levy M.,
 Weissenbach J., Boucher C.A.;
 RT "Genome sequence of the plant pathogen Ralstonia solanacearum.";
 RL Nature 415:497-502(2002).
 DR EMBL: AL646086; CAD18799.1; -; Genomic DNA.
 KW Complete proteome; Hypothetical protein; Plasmid.
 SQ SEQUENCE 21 AA; 2191 MW; D33064D2CFB83865 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 21;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 1.9e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 : : : : :
 DB 7 DGARVILF 14

RESULT 12

Q3573_9TRYP PRELIMINARY; PRT; 22 AA.
 AC Q3573; 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLREL. 01, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLREL. 01, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-JUN-2003 (TRENBLREL. 24, Last annotation update)
 DE Cytochrome b (Fragment).
 OS Trypanosoma brucei.
 OG Mitochondrion.
 OC Eukaryota; Euklenozoa; Kinetoplastida; Trypanosomatidae; Trypanosoma.
 NCBI_TaxID=5691;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RC STRAIN=EA70 164;
 RX MEDLINE=88124876; PubMed=2448777;
 RA Feagin J.E., Shaw U.M., Simpson L., Stuart K.;
 RT "Creation of AUG initiation codons by addition of uridines within
 cytochrome b transcripts of kinetoplastids.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85:539-543(1988).
 DR EMBL: M19064; AAA32116.1; -; mRNA.
 PT NON TER 22
 SQ SEQUENCE 22 AA; 2788 MW; 3C559E3C3BAFA636 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 22;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 : : : : :
 DB 2 FRCRPLF 9

RESULT 13

Q4YTG6_PLABE PRELIMINARY; PRT; 22 AA.
 AC Q4YTG6; 13-SEP-2005 (TRENBLREL. 31, Created)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TRENBLREL. 31, Last sequence update)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TRENBLREL. 31, Last annotation update)
 DE Hypothetical protein.
 GN ORFNames=pl06377.00.0;
 OS Plasmodium berghei.
 OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
 NCBI_TaxID=5821;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RA Hall N., Karras M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kooij T.W.A.,
 RA Berriman M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
 RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churcher C.,
 RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.B., Mendoza J.,
 RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
 RA James C.J., Barrett B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.;
 RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
 transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses.";
 RL Science 307:82-86(2005).
 CC -!- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
 EMBL/GenBank/DBS whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
 preliminary data.
 DR EMBL: CAI01002482; CAH98691.1; -; Genomic DNA.
 KW Hypothetical protein.
 SQ SEQUENCE 22 AA; 2696 MW; B14A2A7BF4350ABD CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 22;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8

Db 12 T1WRILLF 19

RESULT 14
ID Q9RS10_HELPY PRELIMINARY; PRT; 22 AA.

AC Q9RS10_HELPY
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 25-OCT-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 28, Last annotation update)
DE 60 kDa heat shock protein/groEL homolog (Fragment).
OS Helicobacter pylori (Campylobacter pylori).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Epsilonproteobacteria; Campylobacteriales;
OC Helicobacteraceae; Helicobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxId=210;
RN [1]
RP PROTEIN SEQUENCE.
RA Beschweiler B., Bohrmann B., Gerstenecker B., Schiltz E., Kist M.;
RT "In situ localization of the 60 k protein of Helicobacter pylori,
RT which belongs to the family of heat shock proteins, by immuno-electron
RT microscopy";
RL Submitted (SEP-1994) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
SQ SEQUENCE 22 AA; 2463 MW; 117825C7D826E77B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 22;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
DB 8 DSNRNLIF 15

RESULT 15
ID Q9K8Q3_BACHD PRELIMINARY; PRT; 22 AA.

AC Q9K8Q3;
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 24, Last annotation update)
DE BH2950 protein.
GN OrderedLocNames=BH2950;
OS Bacillus halodurans.
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillales; Bacillaceae; Bacillus.
OX NCBI_TaxId=86665;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA STRAIN=C-125 / JCM 9153;
RC MEDLINE=20512582; PubMed=11058132; DOI=10.1093/nar/28.21.4317;
RA Takami H., Nakasone K., Takaki Y., Maeno G., Sasaki R., Masui N.,
RA Fujii F., Hirama C., Nakamura Y., Ogasawara N., Kohara S.,
RA Horikoshi K.;
RT "Complete genome sequence of the alkaliphilic bacterium Bacillus
RT halodurans and genomic sequence comparison with Bacillus subtilis.";
RL Nucleic Acids Res. 28:4317-4331(2000).
DR EMBL: BA000004; BAB06669.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
PRT; F84018; F84018.

KW Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 22 AA; 2543 MW; 12FC8AD396A81FD8 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 22;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
DB 1 MKHRVILF 8

RESULT 16
ID Q5BR34_SCHJA PRELIMINARY; PRT; 23 AA.

AC Q5BR34;
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, Created)
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, Last sequence update)
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
OS Schistosoma japonicum (Blood fluke).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Platyhelminthes; Trematoda; Digenea; Strigeididae;
OC Schistosomatidae; Schistosomatidae; Schistosoma.
OX NCBI_TaxId=6182;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA Han Z.;
RL Submitted (JAN-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL: AY915781; AX31002.1; -; mRNA.

KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 23 AA; 2745 MW; 4C943419F36BE4B4 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.1e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
DB 9 WDKRSILRF 16

RESULT 17
ID Q4X467_PLACH PRELIMINARY; PRT; 24 AA.

AC Q4X467;
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Created)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein (Fragment).
GN ORFNames=PC101306.00.0;
OS Plasmodium chabaudi.
OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporidia; Plasmodium.
OX NCBI_TaxId=5825;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA Hall N., Kariya M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kooij T.W.A.,
RA Bertram M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churcher C.,
RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.E., Mendoza J.,
RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
RA Jansz C.J., Bartell B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.;
RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
RT transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses.";
RL Science 307:82-86(2005).

CC -1- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
CC EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
CC preliminary data.
DR EMBL: CAJ01010161; CAH88467.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
KW Hypothetical protein.

FT NON_TER 1 1
FT NON_TER 24 24
SQ SEQUENCE 24 AA; 3294 MW; 5A0496A174668617 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.2e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
DB 11 RNIRYLQF 18

RESULT 18
ID Q7M132_TREHY PRELIMINARY; PRT; 24 AA.

AC Q7M132;
DT 01-MAR-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 26, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 26, Last sequence update)

```

DE 01-MAR-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 26, Last annotation update)
DE Flagellar core protein, 34k (Fragment).
OS Treponema hyodysenteriae (Serpulina hyodysenteriae).
OC Bacteria; Spirochaetes; Spirochaetales; Brachyspiraceae; Brachyspira.
OX NCBI_TaxID=159;
RN [1]
RP PROTEIN SEQUENCE.
RA Koopman M.B., Baats E., van Vorstenbosch C.J., van der Zeijst B.A.,
RT Kusters J.G.;
RT "The periplasmic flagella of Serpulina (Treponema) hyodysenteriae are
RT composed of two sheath proteins and three core proteins."
RL J. Gen. Microbiol. 138:2697-2706 (1992).
DR PIR: C47689; C47689.
PT NON_TER
SQ
SEQUENCE 24 AA; 2815 MW; SEA9593CC108A0EC CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 24;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
Db 11 NAQRTLKF 18

RESULT 19
Q4UY7 9SPHN PRELIMINARY; PRT; 24 AA.
ID Q4UY7;
AC Q4UY7;
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
GN ORFNames=ELI2840;
OS Erythrobacter litoralis HTCC2594.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Sphingomonadales;
OC Sphingomonadaceae; Erythrobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=314225;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC STRAIN=HTCC2594;
RA Giovannoni S.J., Cho J.-C., Ferriera S., Johnson J., Kravitz S.,
RA Halpern A., Remington K., Beeson K., Tran B., Rogers Y.-H.,
RA Friedman R., Venter J.C.;
RA Submitted (MAR-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
CC -!- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
CC preliminary data.
CC EMBL; AKG50100008; EML74513.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ
SEQUENCE 24 AA; 2633 MW; 2CB0B0815F39C741 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 24;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
Db 11 AKORITLF 18

RESULT 20
FLAB1 TREHY STANDARD; PRT; 25 AA.
ID FLAB1 TREHY
AC P80158;
DT 01-FEB-1995 (Rel. 31, Created)
DT 01-FEB-1995 (Rel. 31, Last sequence update)
DT 01-FEB-2005 (Rel. 46, Last annotation update)
DE Flagellar filament core protein flab1 (37 kDa core protein)
DE (Fragment).
GN Name=flab1;
OS Treponema hyodysenteriae (Serpulina hyodysenteriae).
OC Bacteria; Spirochaetes; Spirochaetales; Brachyspiraceae; Brachyspira.

```

```

OX NCBI_TaxID=159;
RN [1]
RP PROTEIN SEQUENCE.
RC STRAIN=C5;
RX MEDLINE=93139764; PubMed=1487733;
RA Koopman M.B.H., Baats E., van Vorstenbosch C.J.A.H.V.,
RA van der Zeijst B.A.M., Kusters J.G.;
RT "The periplasmic flagella of Serpulina (Treponema) hyodysenteriae are
RT composed of two sheath proteins and three core proteins."
RL J. Gen. Microbiol. 138:2697-2706 (1992).
CC -!- FUNCTION: Component of the core of the flagella.
CC -!- SUBUNIT: The flagellum consists of an outer layer composed of two
CC sheath proteins, flab1 (44 kDa) and flab2 (35 kDa) around a core
CC that contains three proteins flab1 (37 kDa), flab2 (34 kDa) and
CC flab3 (32 kDa)
CC -!- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Periplasmic flagellum.
CC -!- SIMILARITY: Belongs to the bacterial flagellin family.
CC
CC This Swiss-Prot entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
CC use as long as its content is in no way modified and this statement is not
CC removed.
CC -----
DR PIR: B47689; B47689.
KW Direct protein sequencing; Flagellum; Periplasmic.
PT NON_TER
SQ
SEQUENCE 25 AA; 2915 MW; BBB69593CD398B6 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 25;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
Db 11 NAQRTLKF 18

RESULT 21
Q5C711 SCHJA PRELIMINARY; PRT; 25 AA.
ID Q5C711 SCHJA
AC Q5C711;
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, Created)
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, Last sequence update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
DE Hypothetical protein.
OS Schistosoma japonicum (Blood fluke).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Platyhelminthes; Trematoda; Digenea; Strigeidida;
OC Schistosomatidae; Schistosomatidae; Schistosoma.
OX NCBI_TaxID=6162;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA Han Z.;
RA Submitted (MAR-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AY808674; AAX24563.1; -; mRNA.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ
SEQUENCE 25 AA; 3044 MW; E2906CF3073BD1D38 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 25;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
Db 15 IREKTLTF 22

RESULT 22
Q4X8A2 PLACH PRELIMINARY; PRT; 25 AA.
ID Q4X8A2 PLACH
AC Q4X8A2;
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Created)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)

```

DB 13-SEP-2005 (TReMBLrel. 31, last annotation update)
DR Hypothetical protein (Fragment).
GN ORFNames=PC405077.00.0;
OS Plasmodium chabaudi.
OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
NCBI_TaxId=5825;
RX NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA Hall N., Karras M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kool J.T.W.A.,
RA Bertram M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churcher C.,
RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.E., Mendoza J.,
RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
RA Jance C.J., Barrell B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.,
RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses."
RL Science 307:82-86(2005).
CC -1- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
CC EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
CC preliminary data.
DR EMBL; CAJ01008952; CAH86874.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
KM Hypothetical protein.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 25 AA; 3343 MW; 2BA053129A536078 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.3e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
DB 6 YINRNLF 13

RESULT 23
O11472_SHEPC
ID O11472_SHEPC PRELIMINARY; PRT; 25 AA.
AC O11472;
DT 01-JUL-1997 (TReMBLrel. 04, Created)
DT 01-JUL-1997 (TReMBLrel. 04, Last sequence update)
DT 01-DEC-2001 (TReMBLrel. 19, Last annotation update)
DE HVR1-19-1 (Fragment).
OS Hepatitis C virus.
OC Viruses; ssRNA positive-strand viruses, no DNA stage; Flaviviridae;
OC Hepacivirus.
NCBI_TaxId=11103;
RX NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA MEDLINE=97193735; PubMed=9041320;
RA Yoshioaka K., Aiyama T., Okumura A., Takayanagi M., Iwata K.,
RA Ishikawa T., Nagai Y., Kakumu S.;
RT "Humoral immune response to the hypervariable region of hepatitis C
virus differs between genotypes 1b and 2a."
RL J. Infect. Dis. 175:505-510(1997).
RN [2]
RN NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RX MEDLINE=20013225; PubMed=10544140; DOI=10.1006/viro.1999.0004;
RA Watanabe K., Yoshioaka K., Ito H., Ishigami M., Takagi K.,
RA Uemumiyama S., Kobayashi M., Kishimoto H., Yano M., Kakumu S.;
RT "The hypervariable region 1 protein of hepatitis C virus broadly
RT reactive with sera of patients with chronic hepatitis C has a similar
RT amino acid sequence with the consensus sequence."
RL Virology 264:153-158(1999).
DR EMBL; AB003918; BAA20149.1; -; Genomic_RNA.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 25 AA; 2807 MW; 1D686B35930853C1 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.3e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8

DB 9 SRARLSF 16
RESULT 24
Q9PRS4_ONCMY PRELIMINARY; PRT; 25 AA.
AC Q9PRS4;
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TReMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TReMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TReMBLrel. 13, Last annotation update)
DE C-polysaccharide binding protein 2 (Fragment).
OS Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) (Salmo gairdneri).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei;
OC Procaractopterygii; Salmoniformes; Salmonidae; Oncorhynchus.
NCBI_TaxId=8022;
RX NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA MEDLINE=96031653; PubMed=7548392;
RA Murata M., Kodama H., Onuma M.;
RT "Characterization of rainbow trout C-polysaccharide binding
RT proteins."
RL J. Vet. Med. Sci. 57:419-425(1995).
SQ SEQUENCE 25 AA; 3022 MW; 246C5348B32644AB CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.3e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
DB 3 PMRSLVF 10

RESULT 25
Q4XIF3_PLACH PRELIMINARY; PRT; 26 AA.
ID Q4XIF3;
AC Q4XIF3;
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TReMBLrel. 31, Created)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TReMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TReMBLrel. 31, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein (Fragment).
GN ORFNames=PC401025.00.0;
OS Plasmodium chabaudi.
OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
NCBI_TaxId=5825;
RX NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA Hall N., Karras M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kool J.T.W.A.,
RA Bertram M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churcher C.,
RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.E., Mendoza J.,
RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
RA Jance C.J., Barrell B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.,
RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses."
RL Science 307:82-86(2005).
CC -1- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
CC EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
CC preliminary data.
DR EMBL; CAJ01005609; CAH83312.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
KM Hypothetical protein.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 26 AA; 3358 MW; E08166765C429C85 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.4e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
DB 6 IKRRLIAF 13

```

RESULT 26
Q4XSJ0_PLACH PRELIMINARY; PRT; 26 AA.
AC Q4XSJ0;
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMblrel. 31, Created)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMblrel. 31, Last sequence update)
DE Hypothetical protein (Fragment).
GN ORFNames=PC106882.00.0;
OS Plasmodium chabaudi;
OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=5825;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA Hall N., Karras M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kool J.T.W.A.,
RA Bertram M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D.E., Mendoza J.,
RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett U., Treman H.B., Kafatos F.C.,
RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Sinden R.S.,
RA Jane C.J., Barrett B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.,
RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
RT transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses.";
RL Science 307:82-86(2005).
CC -! CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
CC EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
CC preliminary data.
DR EMBL; CAJ01003506; CAH80122.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
KW Hypothetical protein.
FT NON TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 26 AA; 3306 MW; 74A4D26932F42136 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 26;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
Db 2 LKKRSLNF 9

RESULT 27
Q91ZN8_MOUSE PRELIMINARY; PRT; 26 AA.
AC Q91ZN8;
DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMblrel. 19, Created)
DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMblrel. 19, Last sequence update)
DE Wingless-related MMTV integration site 4 (Fragment).
GN Name=Mnt4;
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Sciurognath;
OC Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA PubMed=15312687; DOI=10.1016/j.canlet.2004.02.024;
RA Pelicero H., Allinen M., Vuosko J., Kujala S., Lundan T.,
RA Salonen A., Wanyist R., Vainio S.;
RT "Characterization and expression of the human MNT4; lack of associated
RT germline mutations in high-to moderate-risk breast and ovarian
RT cancer.";
RL Cancer Lett. 213:83-90(2004).
DR EMBL; AF414100; AAL10394.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
FT NON TER 26
SQ SEQUENCE 26 AA; 2896 MW; ADE033A9DF9501D8 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 26;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

```

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
Db 8 RSLRLVLF 15

RESULT 28
Q7ZW70_BRARE PRELIMINARY; PRT; 27 AA.
AC Q7ZW70;
DT 01-JUN-2003 (TREMblrel. 24, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2003 (TREMblrel. 24, Last sequence update)
DE Zgc:77366 protein (Fragment).
GN ORFNames=zgc:77366;
OS Brachydanio rerio (Zebrafish) (Danio rerio).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Ostariophysi; Cypriniformes;
OC Cyprinidae; Danio.
OX NCBI_TaxID=7955;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC TISSUE=Whole body;
RX MEDLINE=22388257; PubMed=12477932; DOI=10.1073/pnas.242603899;
RA Strausberg R.L., Feingold E.A., Grouse L.H., Derge J.G.,
RA Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Sherman C.M., Schuler G.D.,
RA Altschul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Scheffer C.F., Bhat N.K.,
RA Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Max S.I., Wang J., Heide F.,
RA Diatchenko L., Marusina K., Farmer A.A., Rubin G.M., Hong L.,
RA Stapleton M., Soares W.B., Bonaldo M.F., Casavant T.L., Scheetz T.E.,
RA Brownstein M.J., Uebli T.B., Toshiyuki S., Carninci P., Prange C.,
RA Raha S.S., Loguettano N.A., Peters G.J., Abramson R.D., Mullahy S.J.,
RA Bosak S.A., McEwan P.J., McKernan K.J., Malek J.A., Gunaratne P.H.,
RA Richards S., Worley K.C., Hale S., Garcia A.M., Gay L.J., Hulik S.W.,
RA Villalón D.K., Muzny D.M., Sodergren E.J., Lu X., Gibbs R.A.,
RA Fahy J., Helton E., Kettman M., Madan A., Rodriguez S., Sanchez A.,
RA Whiting M., Madan A., Young A.C., Shevchenko Y., Bouffard G.G.,
RA Blakesley R.W., Touchman J.W., Green B.D., Dickson M.C.,
RA Rodriguez A.C., Grimwood J., Schultz J., Myers R.M.,
RA Buterfield Y.S.N., Krzywinski M.I., Skalska U., Smallus D.E.,
RA Scherch A., Schein J.E., Jones S.J.M., Marra M.A.;
RT "Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length human
RT and mouse cDNA sequences.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16899-16903(2002).
RN [2]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC TISSUE=Whole body;
RA Strausberg R.;
RL Submitted (Apr-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; BC050173; AAH50173.1; -; mRNA.
DR Ensembl; ENSDARG00000031085; Danio rerio.
DR ZFIN; ZDB-GENE-030131-2249; zgc:77366.
FT NON TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 27 AA; 3373 MW; 159C3C0647ABF8F3 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 27;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
Db 10 PRRRLVLF 17

RESULT 29
Q4SKW5_TETNG PRELIMINARY; PRT; 27 AA.
AC Q4SKW5;
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMblrel. 31, Created)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMblrel. 31, Last sequence update)
DE Chromosome undetermined SCA14564, whole genome shotgun sequence.
GN ORFNames=GSTENG00016524001;
OS Tetraodon nigroviridis (Green puffer).

```

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 OC Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Percomorpha; Tetraodontiformes;
 OC Tetraodontidae; Tetraodontidae; Tetraodon.
 OK NCBI_TaxID=99863;

RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RA Jallion O., Aury J.M., Brunet F., Petit J.L., Stange-Thomann N.,
 RA Mauceli E., Bouneau L., Fischer C., Ozouf-Costaz C., Bernot A.,
 RA Nicod S., Jaffe D., Fisher S., Lutfalla G., Dossat C., Segurens B.,
 RA Dasilva C., Sallanoubat M., Levy M., Boudet N., Castellano S.,
 RA Anthouard V., Jubin C., Castelli V., Katinka M., Vacherie B.,
 RA Bismont C., Skallil Z., Cattolico L., Poulain J., De Bernardis V.,
 RA Crnaud C., Duprat S., Brottier P., Coutancieu J.P., Gouzy J.,
 RA Parra G., Lardier G., Chapelle C., McKernan K.J., McEwan P., Bosak S.,
 RA Kellis M., Wolf J.N., Guigo R., Zody M.C., Mesirov J.,
 RA Lindblad-Toh K., Birren B., Nusbaum C., Kahn D., Robinson-Rechavi M.,
 RA Lander V., Schachter V., Quetier F., Saurin W., Scarpelli C.,
 RA Wincker P., Lander E.S., Weissbach J., Roest Crollius H.,
 RA RT the early vertebrate proto-karyotype." reveals
 RL Nature 431:946-957(2004).

CC [2]
 CC NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RG Genoscope; Whitehead Institute Centre for Genome Research;
 RL Submitted (FEB-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -1- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
 CC EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
 CC preliminary data.
 DR EMBL: CA0101564; CAF98717.1; -; Genomic DNA.
 SQ SEQUENCE 27 AA; 3278 MW; 3D551AF71009B46 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 27;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.5e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 Db 13 TCRRLPLF 20

RESULT 30
 Q7M2D7 TRYCO PRELIMINARY; PRT; 28 AA.
 ID Q7M2D7 TRYCO PRELIMINARY;
 AC Q7M2D7;
 DT 01-MAR-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 26, Created)
 DT 01-MAR-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 26, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 26, Last annotation update)
 DE Ubiquitinol-cytochrome-c reductase (EC 1.10.2.2) cytochrome b
 DE (Fragment).
 OS Trypanosoma congolense.
 OG Mitochondrion.
 OC Eukaryota; Euklenozoa; Kinetoplastida; Trypanosomatidae; Trypanosoma;
 OC Nannomonas.
 OC NCBI_TaxID=5692;
 OK NCBI_TaxID=5692;
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RX MEDLINE=93382785; PubMed=8396763;
 RA Read L.K., Fish W.R., Muchiani A.M., Stuart K.;
 RT "Maxicircle DNA and edited mRNA sequences of closely related
 RT trypanosome species: implications of kRNA editing for evolution of
 RT maxicircle genomes.";
 RL Nucleic Acids Res. 21:4073-4078 (1993).
 DR PIR: S41774; S41774.
 DR GO: 0008121; F:ubiquitinol-cytochrome-c reductase activity; IEA.
 FT NON_TER 28
 SQ SEQUENCE 28 AA; 3493 MW; AB4279E05308C55 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 28;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.6e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 2 FRCRLPLF 9

RESULT 31
 Q4YXN9 PLABE PRELIMINARY; PRT; 28 AA.
 ID Q4YXN9 PLABE PRELIMINARY;
 AC Q4YXN9;
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Created)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last annotation update)
 DE Hypothetical protein (Fragment).
 GN ORFNames=PB401981.00.0;
 OS Plasmodium berghei.
 OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
 OK NCBI_TaxID=5821;
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RA Hall N., Karras M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kool J.T.W.A.,
 RA Bertman M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
 RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churcher C.,
 RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.E., Mendoza J.,
 RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
 RA Jansz C.J., Barrett B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.,
 RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
 RT transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses.";
 RL Science 307:82-86(2005).
 CC -1- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
 CC EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
 CC preliminary data.
 DR EMBL: CA01004442; CA010174.1; -; Genomic DNA.
 KW Hypothetical protein.
 FT NON_TER 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 28 AA; 3589 MW; CEDC18BCF2689FEB CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 28;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.6e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 Db 7 RKRRLPLF 14

RESULT 32
 Q4L621 STAHJ PRELIMINARY; PRT; 28 AA.
 ID Q4L621 STAHJ PRELIMINARY;
 AC Q4L621;
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Created)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last annotation update)
 DE Similarity.
 GN ORFNames=SH1595;
 OS Staphylococcus haemolyticus (strain JSC1435).
 OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillales; Staphylococcus.
 OK NCBI_TaxID=279608;
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RC STRAIN=JSC1435;
 RA Takeuchi F., Watanabe S., Baba T., Yuzawa H., Ito T., Cui L.,
 RA Morimoto Y., Kuroda M., Takahashi M., Ankel A., Baba S., Fukui S.,
 RA Lee J.C., Hiratake K.;
 RT "Whole genome sequencing of Staphylococcus haemolyticus uncovers
 RT extreme plasticity of its genome and dynamism in the evolution of
 RT human-colonizing staphylococcal species.";
 RL Submitted (DEC-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL: AP006716; BAB04904.1; -; Genomic DNA.
 SQ SEQUENCE 28 AA; 3432 MW; 0777BEA2E541B173 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 28;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.6e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

QY 1 XXXRXLPF 8
DB 4 ELRRKLPF 11

RESULT 33
ID Q9DD70_CHICK PRELIMINARY; PRT; 28 AA.
AC Q9DD70;
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMblrel. 16, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMblrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 01-FEB-2005 (TREMblrel. 29, Last annotation update)
DE Growth hormone receptor (Fragment).
GN Name=GNR;
OS Gallus gallus (Chicken).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniala; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Archosauaria; Aves; Neognathae; Galliformes; Phasianidae; Phasianinae;
OC Gallus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9031;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RA Li L., Wang X., Cogburn L.A.;
RL Submitted (APR-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AF254949; AAG10253.1; -; mRNA.
DR EMBL; AF254951; AAG10251.1; -; Genomic DNA.
DR EMBL; AF254952; AAG10252.1; -; Genomic DNA.
KW GO; GO:0004872; F:receptor activity; IEA.
DR Receptor.
FT NON TER
SQ SEQUENCE 28 AA; 3162 MW; 507F235BC629D722 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 28;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLPF 8
DB 1 MDLRHLFP 8

RESULT 34
ID Q9DFT7_CHICK PRELIMINARY; PRT; 28 AA.
AC Q9DFT7;
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMblrel. 16, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMblrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2003 (TREMblrel. 24, Last annotation update)
DE Growth hormone receptor (Fragment).
GN Name=GNR;
OS Gallus gallus (Chicken).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniala; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Archosauaria; Aves; Neognathae; Galliformes; Phasianidae; Phasianinae;
OC Gallus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9031;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RA Li L., Wang X., Cogburn L.A.;
RL Submitted (APR-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AF254950; AAG10250.1; -; Genomic DNA.
DR GO; GO:0004872; F:receptor activity; IEA.
KW Receptor.
FT NON TER
SQ SEQUENCE 28 AA; 3146 MW; 447B635BC629D722 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 28;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLPF 8
DB 1 MDLRHLFP 8

```

```

RESULT 35
AP05_CARMA STANDARD; PRT; 30 AA.
AC P82864;
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Created)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (Rel. 48, Last annotation update)
DE Antibacterial 6.5 kDa protein (Fragment).
OS Carcinus maenas (Common shore crab) (Green crab).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Crustacea; Malacostraca;
OC Eumalacostraca; Eucarida; Decapoda; Pleocyemata; Brachyura;
OC Eubrachyura; Portunoidae; Portunidae; Carcinus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=6759;
RN [1]
RP PROTEIN SEQUENCE, AND FUNCTION.
RC TISSUE=hemocyte;
RX MEDLINE=97008941; PubMed=8856051;
RA Schnapp D., Kemp G.D., Smith V.J.;
RT "Purification and characterization of a proline-rich antibacterial
peptide, with sequence similarity to bacitracin-7, from the haemocytes
of the shore crab, Carcinus maenas."
RL Eur. J. Biochem. 240:532-539 (1996).
CC -1- FUNCTION: Strong antimicrobial activity against P.immobilis and
M.luteus, less active against E.coli D22.
CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: On the 2D-gel the determined MW is: 6.5 kDa.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: To bovine bacitracin 7.
CC -----
CC This Swiss-Prot entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
CC use as long as its content is in no way modified and this statement is not
CC removed.
CC -----
DR PIR; S74112; S74112.
KW Antibiotic; Antimicrobial; Direct protein sequencing.
FT NON TER
SQ SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3307 MW; 6E2C2205934896C4 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 30;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLPF 8
DB 14 IGRPLPFP 21

RESULT 36
ID Q4XCS4_PLACH PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.
AC Q4XCS4;
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMblrel. 31, Created)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMblrel. 31, Last sequence update)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMblrel. 31, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein (Fragment).
GN ORFNames=PC403287.00.0;
OS Plasmodium chabaudi.
OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=5825;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA Hall N., Karras M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kooij T.W.A.,
RA Berriman M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churcher C.,
RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.E., Mendoza J.,
RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
RA Jase C.J., Barrett B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.;
RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses."
RL Science 307:82-86 (2005).
CC -1- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an

```

```

CC      EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
CC      preliminary data.
CC      EMBL: CAJ01007501; CAH85298.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
CC      Hypothetical protein.
CC      NON_TER 1
CC      SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3782 MW; CB4EC601B0BDF780 CRC64;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 30;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.8e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 13 LFCRLIF 20

RESULT 37
Q4YQ95_PLABE PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.
AC Q4YQ95;
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Created)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, last sequence update)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein (Fragment).
GN ORFNames=PB107776.00.0;
OS Plasmodium berghel.
OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=5821;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA Hall N., Karas M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kooij T.W.A.,
RA Beriman M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churcher C.,
RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.E., Mendoza J.,
RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
RA Jansse C.J., Barrett B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.;
RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
RT transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses."
RL Science 307:82-86(2005).
CC -!- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
CC EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
CC preliminary data.
CC EMBL: CAJ01003005; CAH99814.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
CC Hypothetical protein.
CC NON_TER 1
CC SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3718 MW; A608D7A02BC490F CRC64;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 30;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.8e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 5 YTSRALSF 12

RESULT 38
Q9R5K3_LEPIN PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.
AC Q9R5K3;
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 24, last annotation update)
DE 34 kDa periplasmic flagella core protein (Fragment).
OS Leptospira interrogans.
OC Bacteria; Spirochaetes; Spirochaetales; Leptospiraceae; Leptospira.
OX NCBI_TaxID=173;
RN [1]
RP PROTEIN SEQUENCE.
RX Trueta G.A., Bolin C.A., Zuercher R.L.;
RT "Characterization of the periplasmic flagellum proteins of Leptospira
RT interrogans."

```

```

RL J. Bacteriol. 174:4761-4768(1992).
DR PIR: A44913; A44913
SQ SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3464 MW; 3BDDF3F5D5CA4969 CRC64;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 30;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.8e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 11 NSHRLVLF 18

RESULT 39
Q9RER6_ENTAE PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.
AC Q9RER6;
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 26, last annotation update)
DE Putative AmpR protein (Fragment).
GN Name=ampR;
OS Enterobacter aerogenes (Aerobacter aerogenes).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacteriales;
OC Enterobacteriaceae; Enterobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=548;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RX MEDLINE=20493130; PubMed=11036041;
RX DOI=10.1128/AAC.44.11.3158-3162.2000;
RA Preston K.E., Radomski C.C.A., Venezia R.A.;
RT "Nucleotide sequence of the chromosomal ampC gene of Enterobacter
RT aerogenes."
RL Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 44:3158-3162(2000).
DR EMBL: AF211348; AAF18993.1; -; Genomic DNA.
DR GO: GO:0003700; P:transcription factor activity; IRA.
DR GO: GO:0006355; P:regulation of transcription, DNA-dependent; IRA.
DR InterPro: IPR000847, HTH_LYER.
DR PROSITE: PS50931; HTH_LYER; 1.
FT NON_TER 30
FT SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3407 MW; D6A2370BE3D5B7C5 CRC64;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 30;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.8e+03;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 16 AABRLSIF 23

RESULT 40
Q57H84_SALCH PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.
AC Q57H84;
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, Created)
DT 10-MAY-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 30, last sequence update)
DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
GN Orderedocunames=SC333, SC4022, SC4057;
OS Salmonella cholerae-suis (Salmonella enterica).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacteriales;
OC Enterobacteriaceae; Salmonella.
OX NCBI_TaxID=591;
RN [1]
RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE [LARGE SCALE GENOMIC DNA].
RC STRAIN=SC-867;
RX PubMed=15781495;
RX Chiu C.-H., Tang P., Chu C., Hu S., Bao Q., Yu J., Chou Y.-Y.,
RX Wang H.-S., Lee Y.-S.;
RT "The genome sequence of Salmonella enterica serovar Choleraesuis, a
RT highly invasive and resistant zoonotic pathogen."
RT Nucleic Acids Res. 33:1690-1698(2005).

```

DR EMBL; AB017220; AAX67928.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
 DR EMBL; AB017220; AAX67963.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
 DR EMBL; AB017220; AAX67239.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
 KM Complete proteome; Hypochemical protein.
 SQ SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3502 MW; 4AE7160ADEA5F27 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 30;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.8e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLP 8
 DB 15 SRLRYLLF 22

RESULT 41
 QSPF00_SALPA PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.

AC QSPF00;
 DT 01-FEB-2005 (TREMBlrel. 29, Created)
 DT 01-FEB-2005 (TREMBlrel. 29, Last sequence update)
 DE Hypochemical protein
 GN OrderedCusNames=SPA2518;
 OS Salmonella paratyphi-a.
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacteriales;
 OC Enterobacteriaceae; Salmonella.
 OX NCB1_TaxID=54388;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RC STRAIN=ATCC 9150;
 RX PubMed=15531882; DOI=10.1038/ng1470;
 RA McCelland M., Sanderson K.E., Clifton S.W., Latreille P.,
 RA Porcellik S., Sabo A., Meyer R., Bieri T., Ozeraky P., McCellan M.,
 RA Harkins C.R., Wang C., Nguyen C., Berghoff A., Elliott G.,
 RA Kohlberg S., Strong C., Du F., Carter J., Kremliki C., Layman D.,
 RA Leonard S., Sun H., Fulton C., Nash W., Miner T., Mink P.,
 RA Delaunay K., Fronick C., Magrini V., Nhan M., Warren W., Flores L.,
 RA Spieth J., Wilson R.K.;
 RT "Comparison of genome degradation in Paratyphi A and Typhi, human-
 RT restricted serovars of Salmonella enterica that cause typhoid.";
 RL Nat. Genet. 36:1268-1274(2004).
 DR EMBL; CP000026; AAV78389.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
 KM Complete proteome; Hypochemical protein.
 SQ SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3639 MW; ECD8CB180EB5F32 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 30;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.8e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLP 8
 DB 15 SRLRYLLF 22

RESULT 42
 Q4XBW6_PLACH PRELIMINARY; PRT; 31 AA.

AC Q4XBW6;
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMBlrel. 31, Created)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMBlrel. 31, Last sequence update)
 DE Hypochemical protein (Fragment).
 GN ORFNames=PC403662.00.0;
 OS Plasmodium chabaudi.
 OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
 OX NCB1_TaxID=5825;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RA Hall N., Kairas M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Koolij T.W.A.,
 RA Bertram M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
 RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churruarin C.,
 RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.E., Mendoza J.,

RA Bickell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carnucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
 RA Janse C.J., Barrett B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.;
 RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
 RT transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses."
 RL Science 307:82-86(2005).
 CC -!- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
 CC EMBL/Genbank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
 CC preliminary data.

DR EMBL; CAAY01007789; CAH85606.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
 KM Hypochemical protein.
 FT NON_TER
 SQ SEQUENCE 31 AA; 4064 MW; 7A2CD8A06505F5BC CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.9e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLP 8
 DB 9 FIRRLFF 16

RESULT 43
 Q4KA34_PSEFS PRELIMINARY; PRT; 31 AA.

AC Q4KA34;
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMBlrel. 31, Created)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TREMBlrel. 31, Last sequence update)
 DE Hypochemical protein.
 GN ORFNames=PFL 3799;
 OS Pseudomonas fluorescens (strain Pf-5).
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Pseudomonadales;
 OC Pseudomonadaceae; Pseudomonas.
 OX NCB1_TaxID=220664;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RC STRAIN=PF-5;
 RX PubMed=15980661; DOI=10.1038/abt1110;
 RA Paulsen I.T., Press C., Ravel J., Kobayashi D., Myers G.S.,
 RA Mavrod D., DeBoy R.T., Seshadri R., Ren O., Medugu R., Dodson R.J.,
 RA Durkin S., Brinkac L.M., Daugherty S.C., Sullivan S.A., Rosovitz M.,
 RA Gwinn M.L., Zhou L., Nelson W.C., Weidman J., Watkins K., Tran K.,
 RA Khouli H.M., Plesion E., Plesion L., Thomas L., Loper J.;
 RT "Complete genome sequence of the plant commensal Pseudomonas
 RT fluorescens Pf-5.";
 RL Nat. Biotechnol. 23:873-878(2005).
 DR EMBL; CP000076; AAY93062.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
 KM Hypochemical protein.
 SQ SEQUENCE 31 AA; 3593 MW; 45D45BA6A51501 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.9e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLP 8
 DB 21 LGDRHLIF 28

RESULT 44
 Q65TM8_MANSNM PRELIMINARY; PRT; 31 AA.

AC Q65TM8;
 DT 25-OCT-2004 (TREMBlrel. 28, Created)
 DT 25-OCT-2004 (TREMBlrel. 28, Last sequence update)
 DE Hypochemical protein.
 GN OrderedCusNames=MS1075;
 OS Mannheimia succiniciproducens (strain MBE1552).
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Pasteurellales;
 OC Pasteurellaceae; Mannheimia.
 OX NCB1_TaxID=221988;

RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RX PubMed=15378067; DOI=10.1038/nbt1010;
 RA Hong S.H., Kim J.S., Lee S.Y., In Y.H., Choi S.S., Rih J.-K.,
 RA Kim C.H., Jeong H., Hur C.G., Kim J.J.;
 RT "The genome sequence of the capnophilic rumen bacterium Mannheimia
 succiniciproducens."
 RL Nat. Biotechnol. 22:1275-1281 (2004).
 DR EMBL, AB016827; AUJ37682.1; -; Genomic DNA.
 KW Complete proteome; Hypothetical protein.
 SQ SEQUENCE 31 AA; 4164 MW; A55BB45BCDF46339 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.9e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXP 8
 DB 12 RLRRLLIF 19

RESULT 45
 Q67K91_VIBPA PRELIMINARY; PRT; 31 AA.

AC Q67K91;
 DT 01-JUN-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 24, Created)
 DT 01-JUN-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 24, last sequence update)
 DT 01-JUN-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 24, last annotation update)
 DE Hypothetical protein VPA0007.
 GN OrderedLocustNames=VPA0007;
 OS Vibrio parahaemolyticus.
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Vibrionales;
 OC Vibrionaceae; Vibrrio.
 NCBI_Taxid=670;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE [LARGE SCALE GENOMIC DNA].
 RX STRAIN=RIMD 2210633 / Serotype O3:K6;
 RX MEDLINE=22508454; PubMed=12620739; DOI=10.1016/S0140-6736(03)12659-1;
 RA Makino K., Oshima K., Kurokawa K., Yokoyama K., Uda T., Tagomori K.,
 RA Iijima Y., Najima M., Nakano M., Yamashita A., Kubota Y., Kimura S.,
 RA Yasunaga T., Honda T., Shingawa H., Hattori M., Iida T.;
 RT Genome sequence of Vibrio parahaemolyticus: a pathogenic mechanism
 RT distinct from that of V. cholerae."
 RL Lancet 361:743-749 (2003).
 DR EMBL, BA000032; BAC61350.1; -; Genomic DNA.
 KW Complete proteome; Hypothetical protein.
 SQ SEQUENCE 31 AA; 3814 MW; 2A278808BF7D7C2A CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.9e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXP 8
 DB 24 ASLRRLIF 31

RESULT 46
 Q68J08_CHUTE PRELIMINARY; PRT; 31 AA.

AC Q68J08;
 DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Created)
 DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, last sequence update)
 DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, last annotation update)
 DE Hypothetical protein.
 GN OrderedListNames=CT1789;
 OS Chlorobium tepidum.
 OC Bacteria; Chlorobi; Chlorobia; Chlorobiales; Chlorobiaceae;
 OC Chlorobaculum.
 NCBI_Taxid=1097;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RC STRAIN=TLS / ATCC 49652 / DSM 12025;

RX MEDLINE=22103685; PubMed=12093901; DOI=10.1073/pnas.132181499;
 RA Eisen J.A., Nelson K.E., Paulsen I.T., Heidelberg J.F., Wu M.,
 RA Dodson R.J., Debey R.T., Gwinn M.L., Nelson W.C., Haft D.H.,
 RA Hickey E.K., Peterson J.D., Durkin A.S., Kolonay J.F., Yang F.,
 RA Holt I.E., Umayam L.A., Mason T.M., Brenner M., Shea T.P.,
 RA Parksey D.S., Nielsen W.C., Feldblyum T.V., Hansen C.L., Craven M.B.,
 RA Radune D., Vamathevan J.J., Khouri H.M., White O., Gruber T.M.,
 RA Ketchum K.A., Venter J.C., Tettelin H., Bryant D.A., Fraser C.M.;
 RT "The complete genome sequence of Chlorobium tepidum TLS, a
 RT photoautotrophic, anaerobic, green-sulfur bacterium."
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:9509-9514 (2002).
 DR EMBL, AE006470; AAM73010.1; -; Genomic DNA.
 KW Complete proteome; Hypothetical protein.
 SQ SEQUENCE 31 AA; 3827 MW; 4EF41565B6B535BE CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.9e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXP 8
 DB 10 ELFRRLIF 17

RESULT 47
 Q67974_HPBVO PRELIMINARY; PRT; 31 AA.

AC Q67974;
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 26, last annotation update)
 DE X protein (Fragment).
 OS Hepatitis B virus.
 OC Viruses; Retroid viruses; Hepadnaviridae; Orthohepadnavirus.
 NCBI_Taxid=10407;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RA Lai M.E., Mazzoleni A.P., Porru A., Balestrieri A.;
 RA Submitted (Mar-1995) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL, X65270; CA59557.1; -; Genomic DNA.
 DR PIR, S53153; S53153.
 DR GO: GO:0019079; P.viral genome replication; IRA.
 DR InterPro: IPR000236; Transactx.
 DR Pfam: PF00739; X; 1.
 FT NON TER 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 31 AA; 3288 MW; F1E9DC3EF0261B20 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.9e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXP 8
 DB 2 ADSRLILF 9

RESULT 48
 Q68005_HPBVO PRELIMINARY; PRT; 31 AA.

AC Q68005;
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2004 (TrEMBLrel. 26, last annotation update)
 DE X protein (Fragment).
 GN Name=X;
 OS Hepatitis B virus.
 OC Viruses; Retro-transcribing viruses; Hepadnaviridae;
 OC Orthohepadnavirus.
 NCBI_Taxid=10407;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RA Lai M.E., Mazzoleni A.P., Porru A., Balestrieri A.;

RL Submitted (MAR-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL; X85257; CAA59520.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
 DR PIR; S53192; S53192.
 DR GO; GO:0019079; P:Viral genome replication; IEA.
 DR InterPro; IPR000236; TransactX.
 DR Pfam; PF00739; X; 1.
 FT NON_TER 1 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 31 AA; 3377 MW; B88DDC2000DBEA72 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2.9e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 DB 2 EIRRLVLF 9
 RESULT 49
 Q9BYF3 HUMAN PRELIMINARY; PRT; 32 AA.
 AC Q9BYF3;
 DT 01-JUN-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 17, Created)
 DT 01-JUN-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 17, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-JUN-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 24, Last annotation update)
 DE Ribosomal protein L36 (Fragment).
 GN Name=RP136;
 OS Homo sapiens (Human).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae;
 OC Homo.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
 RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RX MEDLINE=21295043; PubMed=11401437; DOI=10.1006/geno.2000.6470;
 RA Uechi T., Tanaka T., Kennochi N.;
 RT "A complete map of the human ribosomal protein genes: assignment of 80
 genes to the cytogenetic map and implications for human disorders.";
 RL Genomics 72:223-230(2001).
 DR EMBL; AB046410; BAB21256.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
 DR GO; GO:0005840; C:ribosome; IEA.
 DR GO; GO:0003735; F:Structural constituent of ribosome; IEA.
 DR GO; GO:0006412; P:protein biosynthesis; IEA.
 DR InterPro; IPR000509; Ribosomal_L36e.
 DR PANTHER; PTHR10114; Ribosomal_L36e; 1.
 DR Pfam; PF01158; Ribosomal_L36e; 1.
 DR ProDom; PD009192; Ribosomal_L36e; 1.
 DR Ribonucleoprotein; Ribosomal protein.
 FT NON_TER 1 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 32 AA; 3835 MW; C55DC318353C2C3A CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 32;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 3e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 DB 5 KDRRLKLF 12
 RESULT 50
 Q4X2P5 PLACH PRELIMINARY; PRT; 32 AA.
 AC Q4X2P5;
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Created)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)
 DT 13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last annotation update)
 DE Hypothetical protein (Fragment).
 GN ORFNames=PC405872.00.0;
 OS Plasmodium chabaudi.
 OC Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=5825;

RN [1]
 RP NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
 RA Hall N., Karras M., Raine J.D., Carlton J.M., Kooij T.W.A.,
 RA Berriman M., Florens L., Janssen C.S., Pain A., Christophides G.K.,
 RA James K., Rutherford K., Harris B., Harris D., Churcher C.,
 RA Quail M.A., Ormond D., Doggett J., Trueman H.E., Mendoza J.,
 RA Bidwell S.L., Rajandream M.A., Carucci D.J., Yates J.R., Kafatos F.C.,
 RA Janse C.J., Barrell B., Turner C.M.R., Waters A.P., Sinden R.S.;
 RT "A comprehensive survey of the Plasmodium life cycle by genomic,
 transcriptomic, and proteomic analyses";
 RL Science 307:82-86(2005).
 CC -! CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
 EMBL/GenBank/DBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
 preliminary data.
 CC EMBL; CA01010606; CAH89088.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
 DR EMBL; CA01010606;
 KW Hypothetical protein.
 FT NON_TER 1 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 32 AA; 3788 MW; 8971907C3EC3B3B0 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 32;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 3e+03;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 DB 11 YVVRLLPF 18
 Search completed: May 5, 2006, 12:23:33
 Job time : 80 secs

GenCore version 5.1.7
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2006 Bioacceleration Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using SW model

Run on: May 5, 2006, 12:18:41 ; Search time 187 Seconds
(without alignments)
18.797 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-726-470a-2

Perfect score: 20

Sequence: 1 XXXXXIXF 8

Scoring table:

BLOSUM62DX
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 2443163 seqs, 439378781 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 2443163

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 100 summaries

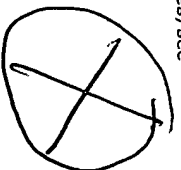
Database :

A_Geneseq_21: *
1: geneseqp1980s: *
2: geneseqp1990s: *
3: geneseqp2000s: *
4: geneseqp2001s: *
5: geneseqp2002s: *
6: geneseqp2003s: *
7: geneseqp2003bs: *
8: geneseqp2004s: *
9: geneseqp2005s: *

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	20	100.0	8	2	AAR89217
2	20	100.0	8	2	AAW57008
3	20	100.0	8	2	AAW64283
4	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6260
5	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6252
6	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6271
7	20	100.0	8	4	AAU05707
8	20	100.0	8	4	AAU05736
9	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6202
10	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6256
11	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6258
12	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6275
13	20	100.0	8	4	AAU05708
14	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6201
15	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6274
16	20	100.0	8	4	AAU05710
17	20	100.0	8	4	AAU05742
18	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6257
19	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6259
20	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6261
21	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6273
22	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG65137
23	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6262
24	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6264



25	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6265	AAAG6265 p21 C-ter
26	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG65145	AAAG65145 Synthetic
27	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6207	AAAG6207 p21 deriv
28	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6263	AAAG6263 p21 C-ter
29	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG65127	AAAG65127 p21WAF1 C
30	20	100.0	8	4	AAU05706	AAU05706 p21 C-ter
31	20	100.0	8	4	AAU05741	AAU05741 p21 C-ter
32	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6253	AAAG6253 p21 C-ter
33	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6272	AAAG6272 p21 C-ter
34	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6203	AAAG6203 p21 deriv
35	20	100.0	8	4	AAU05740	AAU05740 p21 C-ter
36	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6205	AAAG6205 p21 deriv
37	20	100.0	8	4	AAU05709	AAU05709 p21 C-ter
38	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG65150	AAAG65150 p21 deriv
39	20	100.0	8	4	AAAG6266	AAAG6266 p21 C-ter
40	20	100.0	8	4	AAU02281	AAU02281 Hepaticis
41	20	100.0	8	8	ADJ72146	ADJ72146 Cyclin re
42	20	100.0	8	8	ADJ72150	ADJ72150 Cyclin re
43	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ77243	ADZ77243 Rapamycin
44	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71454	ADZ71454 p21-deriv
45	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71458	ADZ71458 p21-deriv
46	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71490	ADZ71490 p21-deriv
47	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71491	ADZ71491 p21-deriv
48	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71494	ADZ71494 p21-deriv
49	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71504	ADZ71504 p21-deriv
50	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71838	ADZ71838 p21-deriv
51	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71854	ADZ71854 p21-deriv
52	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71979	ADZ71979 p21-deriv
53	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71447	ADZ71447 p21-deriv
54	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71573	ADZ71573 p21-deriv
55	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71593	ADZ71593 p21-deriv
56	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71596	ADZ71596 p21-deriv
57	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71870	ADZ71870 p21-deriv
58	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71440	ADZ71440 p21-deriv
59	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71471	ADZ71471 p21-deriv
60	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71487	ADZ71487 p21-deriv
61	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71572	ADZ71572 p21-deriv
62	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71598	ADZ71598 p21-deriv
63	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71778	ADZ71778 p21-deriv
64	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71496	ADZ71496 p21-deriv
65	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71509	ADZ71509 p21-deriv
66	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71570	ADZ71570 p21-deriv
67	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71597	ADZ71597 p21-deriv
68	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71855	ADZ71855 p21-deriv
69	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71868	ADZ71868 p21-deriv
70	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71879	ADZ71879 p21-deriv
71	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71899	ADZ71899 p21-deriv
72	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71978	ADZ71978 p21-deriv
73	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71478	ADZ71478 p21-deriv
74	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71505	ADZ71505 p21-deriv
75	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71774	ADZ71774 p21-deriv
76	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71776	ADZ71776 p21-deriv
77	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71863	ADZ71863 p21-deriv
78	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71865	ADZ71865 p21-deriv
79	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71976	ADZ71976 p21-deriv
80	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71466	ADZ71466 p21-deriv
81	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71851	ADZ71851 p21-deriv
82	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71973	ADZ71973 p21-deriv
83	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71977	ADZ71977 p21-deriv
84	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71980	ADZ71980 p21-deriv
85	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71981	ADZ71981 p21-deriv
86	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71453	ADZ71453 p21-deriv
87	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71468	ADZ71468 p21-deriv
88	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71464	ADZ71464 p21-deriv
89	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71492	ADZ71492 p21-deriv
90	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71412	ADZ71412 p21-deriv
91	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71461	ADZ71461 p21-deriv
92	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71467	ADZ71467 p21-deriv
93	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71476	ADZ71476 p21-deriv
94	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71599	ADZ71599 p21-deriv
95	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71847	ADZ71847 p21-deriv
96	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71864	ADZ71864 p21-deriv
97	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71864	ADZ71864 p21-deriv

98	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71472	Adz71472 p21-deriv
99	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71477	Adz71477 p21-deriv
100	20	100.0	8	9	ADZ71488	Adz71488 p21-deriv

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

ID AAR89217 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AAR89217;

05-SEP-1996 (first entry)

CSF clone A10 Vbeta8-CDR3.

XX Polymerase chain reaction; PCR; primer; amplify; human; T cell receptor;
XX beta chain; TCR; myelin basic protein; BP; autoantigen; encephalitogen;
XX experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis; EAE; multiple sclerosis; MS;
XX autoimmune disease; neurological disease; cerebrospinal fluid; therapy;
XX central nervous system; complementarily determining region; CDR;
XX T lymphocyte; optical nerve damage; anterior chamber inflammation.

OS Synthetic.

XX MO9601329-A1.

XX 18-JAN-1996.

XX 26-JUN-1995; 95WO-US008086.

XX 01-JUL-1994; 94US-00270634.

XX (CONN-) CONNECTIVE THERAPEUTICS INC.

XX Vandendark AA, Offner H, Buenafe A;

XX MPI; 1996-087679/09.

XX N-PSDB; AAT10592.

XX Methods for diagnosis and immune-related therapy of autoimmune diseases -
XX part; multiple sclerosis, by detecting marker T cell receptor V gene
XX bias and treating patients with selected V beta peptide(s).

XX Example 2; Fig 4a; 62pp; English.

XX AAR89215-R89251 represent clones of the Vbeta8 complementarily

XX determining region 3 (CDR3) of the T cell receptor beta (TCRBeta) chain.

XX These sequences were isolated from cerebrospinal fluid (CSF), spinal cord

XX (SC) and lymph nodes (LN) of clones of Lewis rats with experimental

XX autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE). By detecting the presence of a marker

XX TCR V gene bias in a body fluid which encapsulates all or part of the

XX target organ, an autoimmune disease (such as a neurological disease) in a

XX human can be identified. This method can also be carried out to detect

XX the presence of a biased motif common to T cell receptors specific for

XX the pathogenic antigen in a non-target tissue or organ. By analysing the

XX Vbeta gene repertoire of CSF, and determining the presence of a Vbeta

XX gene bias, an immune-related disease that targets the central nervous

XX system can be diagnosed. Therapeutic Vbeta peptide sequences can be

XX selected to use as treatment of a disease or condition. The selection is

XX carried out by identifying a Vbeta gene bias in a body fluid that is not

XX the target tissue or organ of the disease, and selecting an immunogenic

XX peptide corresponding to the Vbeta gene bias. Multiple sclerosis (MS) can

XX be treated by identifying the CDR2 of a V gene peptide on the surface of

XX a T lymphocyte in the CSF of a patient and administering a peptide

XX corresponding to this region. These methods can also be used for the

XX diagnosis and immune-related therapy of optical nerve damage and anterior

XX chamber inflammation as well as other human neurological diseases

XX Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 XXXRXLXP 8
Db 1 DSTRALYP 8

RESULT 2

ID AAW57008 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AAW57008;

28-JUL-1998 (first entry)

Enzyme inhibitor peptide SEQ ID NO:209.

XX Enzyme inhibitor; t-PA; u-PA; chymotrypsin; serine protease; active;
XX latent; substrate subtraction phage display peptide library;
XX identification; kinase; phosphatase; serpin.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX MO9747314-A1.

XX 18-DEC-1997.

XX 10-JUN-1997; 97WO-US009760.

XX 10-JUN-1996; 96US-0019495P.

XX (SCRI) SCRIPPS RES INST.

XX Madison EL, Ke S;

XX MPI; 1998-062746/06.

XX Substrate subtraction phage display peptide libraries - used to
XX distinguish between active and latent forms of enzyme, e.g. serine
XX protease.

XX Claim 25; Page 111; 138pp; English.

XX The present sequence represents an enzyme inhibitor peptide used in the
XX method of the invention to distinguish between t-PA and u-PA. The present
XX invention describes a substrate subtraction library for the

XX identification of peptide substrates selective between a first enzyme

XX (E1) and a second enzyme (E2), comprising a collection of different

XX peptides, substantially lacking peptides that are effective substrates

XX for E1. Also described are: (1) a method (M1) for identifying peptide

XX substrates selective between a first enzyme (E1) and a second enzyme (E2)

XX; (2) a compound comprising the amino acid sequence of a peptide

XX identified by M1; (3) a polypeptide for use as an enzyme inhibitor

XX comprising one of 237 amino acid sequences (see AAW56801 to AAW56947, and

XX AAW56949 to AAW57038); (4) a recombinant DNA vector comprising DNA (I)

XX encoding a protease inhibitor including the sequence identified by the M1

XX; (5) a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell containing the vector of (4); (6)

XX an antibody (Ab) immunoreactive with at least one of the peptides

XX identified by M1; and (7) a diagnostic assay for distinguishing between

XX active and latent forms of protease inhibitors, that uses (Ab). The

XX library and method are used for distinguishing between active and latent

XX forms of enzyme inhibitors, e.g. proteases, kinases and phosphatases.

XX (Ab) are used for affinity purification of recombinant peptides and in

XX the identification of naturally occurring protease inhibitors. Enzyme-

XX inhibiting peptides identified can be used to treat a serpin deficiency

XX or a disorder of serine proteases

XX Sequence 8 AA;

XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 8;

XX Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;

Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
:::|::|
DB 1 SGRRTIDF 8

RESULT 3

AAM64283
ID AAM64283 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AC AAM64283;

DT 24-NOV-1998 (first entry)

DE mmCP-7 peptide substrate.

XX MCP-7; mouse; mast cell protease 7; tryptase-7; blood clot;
KW anticoagulant; myocardial infarction; reocclusion; thromboembolism;
KW cerebral embolism; thrombosis; therapy.

OS Synthetic.

PN WO9824886-A1.

XX 11-JUN-1998.

XX 25-NOV-1997; 97WO-US021620.

XX 04-DEC-1996; 96US-0032354P.

XX (BGMH) BRIGHAM & WOMENS HOSPITAL.

XX Stevens RL;

XX WPI; 1998-333308/29.

XX New compositions containing tryptase-7, e.g. mouse mast cell protease-7 -
PT are used to treat clot formation in e.g. myocardial infarction,
PT reocclusion following angioplasty or pulmonary thrombo-embolism.

PS Example; Page 46; 92pp; English.

XX This is a substrate peptide of mouse mast cell protease 7 (mMCP-7, see
CC AAM64233). It is one of 21 peptides (see AAM64270-90) obtained by
CC incubating a phage display peptide library 2 times with a recombinant
CC FLAG-tagged mMCP-7 polypeptide, isolating clones, and deducing the amino
CC acid sequence of the protease susceptible domains in the p11 fusion
CC proteins. Only one peptide (see AAM64270) was obtained after 4 rounds of
CC screening. mMCP-7 has been characterized as having fibrinogen as its
CC physiological substrate. It can be used to prevent or treat fibrin clot
CC formation in vitro and in vivo. Tryptase-7 proteases of the invention,
CC including mMCP-7 and its homologues, can be used to treat disorders that
CC are mediated by undesirable thrombus clot formation, such as myocardial
CC infarct and reocclusion following angioplasty, and are also useful for
CC surgical procedures that require that blood does not clot

XX Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0;

OY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
:::|::|
DB 1 LSTRKLRF 8

RESULT 4

AAG66260
ID AAG66260 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

XX AAG66260;

XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

XX p21 C-terminus derived peptide #52.

XX Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
KW inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.

XX Homo sapiens.

OS Synthetic.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

XX WO200140142-A2.

XX 07-JUN-2001.

XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;

XX Atkinson GS;

XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.

XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.

XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXP is retained. The peptides are
CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. p21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21

XX Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0;

OY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
:::|::|
DB 1 HVKRLRF 8

RESULT 5

AAG66252

ID AAG6252 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX AAG6252;
AC
XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX
XX p21 C-terminus derived peptide #44.
DE
XX
XX
XX Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
KW inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS Synthetic.
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
FH Modified-site 1
FT /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
FT Modified-site 8
FT /note= "C-terminal amide"
FT
FT
FN WO200140142-A2.
PN
XX 07-JUN-2001.
PD
XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000MO-GB004550.
XX
XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX
XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
PA
PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
PI Atkinson GE;
XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX
XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX
XX Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLMF is retained. The peptides are
CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21
XX
SQ Sequence 8 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 XXXRXLMF 8
:::|:|:|
DB 1 AAKRRLIF 8

RESULT 6
ID AAG6271 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX AAG6271;
AC
XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX
XX p21 C-terminus derived peptide #63.
DE
XX
XX
XX Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
KW inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS Synthetic.
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
FH Modified-site 1
FT /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
FT Modified-site 8
FT /note= "C-terminal amide"
FT
FT
FN WO200140142-A2.
PN
XX 07-JUN-2001.
PD
XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000MO-GB004550.
XX
XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX
XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
PA
PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
PI Atkinson GE;
XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX
XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX
XX Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLMF is retained. The peptides are
CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21
XX
SQ Sequence 8 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 XXXRXLMF 8

Db 1 HAKRALIF 8

RESULT 7
AAU05707 standard; protein; 8 AA.

AC AAU05707;

DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE p21 C-terminus derived peptide #74.

KW Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A; inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.

OS Homo sapiens.
XX Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

PN MO200140142-A2.

PD 07-JUN-2001.

PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000MO-GB004550.

PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC; Atkinson GR;

PS WPI; 2001-488493/53.

PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PT Identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.

XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1, which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino acids deleted, provided the motif XuxF is retained. The peptides are specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins, preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4 activity. p21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions. Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the C-terminus of p21

XX Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. NO. 2e+06;

Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 XXXRLXLP 8
Db 1 HAKRLIF 8

RESULT 8
AAU05736 standard; protein; 8 AA.

AC AAU05736;

DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE p21 C-terminus derived peptide #106.

KW Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A; inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.

OS Homo sapiens.
XX Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

FT Modified-site 7 /label= OTHER

FT /note= "Other= para-fluorophenylalanine, dichlorophenylalanine, para-chlorophenylalanine, meta-chlorophenylalanine, ortho-chlorophenylalanine, Tyrosine (not defined), thienophenylalanine or 3-pyridylalanine"

FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

PN MO200140142-A2.

PD 07-JUN-2001.

PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000MO-GB004550.

PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC; Atkinson GR;

PS WPI; 2001-488493/53.

PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PT Identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Claim 25; Page 90; 102pp; English.

XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1, which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino acids deleted, provided the motif XuxF is retained. The peptides are specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins, preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4 activity. p21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.

CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 CC C-terminus of p21
 CC
 SQ Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
 Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 Db 1 AAKRRLXF 8

RESULT 9
 AAG66202
 ID AAG66202 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AC AAG66202;
 DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE p21 derived peptide, p21(152)Ser153Ala #2.

KM Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 KM inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening;
 KM p21(152)Ser153Ala.

OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.

EH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
 FT Misc-difference 2 /label= Ala, Gly, Abu, Val, Ile, Phe, Nva, OTHER
 FT /note= "Other= phenylglycine, t-butylglycine"
 FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"
 FT
 PN WO200140142-A2.

PD 07-JUN-2001.

PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
 PI Atkinson GE;

DR WPI; 2001-488493/53.

PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Example 14; Page 54; 102pp; English.

CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative

CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 CC activity. p21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
 CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 CC C-terminus of p21 and used in a Cyclin A binding experiment, the effect
 CC on cyclin A binding of replacing the Ala residue at position 2 was
 CC assessed

SQ Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
 Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 Db 1 HXRRLXF 8

RESULT 10
 AAG66256
 ID AAG66256 standard; protein; 8 AA.

AC AAG66256;

DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE p21 C-terminus derived peptide #49.

KM Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 KM inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.

OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.

PN WO200140142-A2.

PD 07-JUN-2001.

PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
 PI Atkinson GE;

DR WPI; 2001-488493/53.

PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.

CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for

CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21
CC
CC

SQ Sequence 8 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXXXLXP 8
Db 1 KACRRLIF 8

RESULT 11

AA66258 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AA66258;

21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

p21 C-terminus derived peptide #50.

Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.

OS Homo sapiens.
OS Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

WO200140142-A2.

07-JUN-2001.

29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

(CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MT, Chan WC;

WPI; 2001-488493/53.

New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.

The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
acids deleted, provided the motif XLXP is retained. The peptides are
specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,

CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21
CC
CC

SQ Sequence 8 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXXXLXP 8
Db 1 HGKRLIF 8

RESULT 12

AA66275 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AA66275;

21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

p21 C-terminus derived peptide #67.

Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.

OS Homo sapiens.
OS Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

FT Modified-site 5 /label= OTHER, Aib
/note= "Other= Citrulline or sarcosine"

FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

WO200140142-A2.

07-JUN-2001.

29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

(CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MT, Chan WC;

WPI; 2001-488493/53.

New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.

The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,

CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XXXR is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide-cyclin interactions.
 CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 CC C-terminus of p21

CC Sequence 8 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 : : : : : : :
 Db 1 HAKRRLVF 8

RESULT 13

AAU05708 standard; protein; 8 AA.

AAU05708;

21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

p21 C-terminus derived peptide #75.

Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemia; drug screening.

Homosapiens.
 Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

WO200140142-A2.

07-JUN-2001.

29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

(CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;

Atkinson GE;

WPI; 2001-488493/53.

New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.

XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XXXR is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide-cyclin interactions.
 CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 CC C-terminus of p21

CC Sequence 8 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 : : : : : : :
 Db 1 HAKRRLVF 8

RESULT 14

AA66201 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AA66201;

21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

p21 derived peptide, p21(152)Ser153Ala.

Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemia; drug screening;

p21(152)Ser153Ala.

Homosapiens.
 Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

Misc-difference 1 /label= Ala, Phe, OTHER

Modified-site 8 /note= "Other= 3-pyridylalanine, Thiophenylalanine,
 Homoserine, 2,3-Diaminobutyric acid or absent and the N-
 terminus is hydrogenated"

Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

WO200140142-A2.

07-JUN-2001.

29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

(CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;

Atkinson GE;

DR WP1; 2001-488493/53.
 XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
 XX
 XX Example 13; Page 54; 102pp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXP is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
 CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 CC C-terminus of p21 and used in a Cyclin A binding experiment, the effect
 CC on cyclin A binding of replacing the His residue at position 1 was
 CC assessed
 CC
 CC Sequence 8 AA:
 XX
 SO
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0;
 QY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
 Db 1 HAKRSLIP 8
 RESULT 15
 ID AAG66274 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
 AC AAG66274;
 XX
 DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE p21 C-terminus derived peptide #66.
 XX
 KM Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 KM inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemias; drug screening.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified-site 1
 FT /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
 FT Modified-site 8
 FT /note= "C-terminal amide"
 XX
 PN WO200140142-A2.
 XX
 PD 07-JUN-2001.
 XX
 PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
 XX
 PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
 XX

PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
 XX
 XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
 PT Atkinson GE;
 XX
 XX WP1; 2001-488493/53.
 XX
 CC New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
 XX
 XX Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXP is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
 CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 CC C-terminus of p21
 CC
 CC Sequence 8 AA:
 XX
 SO
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0;
 QY 1 XXXRXLXP 8
 Db 1 HAKRSLIP 8
 RESULT 16
 ID AAU05710 standard; protein; 8 AA.
 AC AAU05710;
 XX
 DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE p21 C-terminus derived peptide #77.
 XX
 KM Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 KM inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemias; drug screening.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified-site 1
 FT /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
 FT Modified-site 8
 FT /note= "C-terminal amide"
 XX
 PN WO200140142-A2.
 XX
 PD 07-JUN-2001.
 XX
 PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
 XX

XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
 XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
 XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJT, Chan WC;
 XX Atkinson GE;
 XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
 XX
 XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 XX selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 XX proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 XX identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
 XX
 XX Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.
 XX
 XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 XX which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 XX specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 XX complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
 XX peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 XX acids deleted, provided the motif XLXP is retained. The peptides are
 XX specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 XX preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 XX to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 XX disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 XX identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 XX involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 XX interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 XX activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 XX binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 XX substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
 XX Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 XX for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 XX compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 XX C-terminus of p21
 XX
 XX Sequence 8 AA;
 XX
 XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 XX Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
 XX Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 XX 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 XX 1 HAKRRLFF 8
 XX
 XX RESULT 17
 XX AAU05742
 XX AAU05742 standard; protein; 8 AA.
 XX
 XX AAU05742;
 XX
 XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 XX p21 C-terminus derived peptide #111.
 XX
 XX Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 XX inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.
 XX
 XX Homo sapiens.
 XX Synthetic.
 XX
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 XX Modified-site 1
 XX Modified-site /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
 XX Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"
 XX
 XX WO200140142-A2.
 XX
 XX

PD 07-JUN-2001.
 XX
 XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
 XX
 XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
 XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
 XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJT, Chan WC;
 XX Atkinson GE;
 XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
 XX
 XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 XX selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 XX proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 XX identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
 XX
 XX Claim 34; Page 92; 102pp; English.
 XX
 XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 XX which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 XX specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 XX complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
 XX peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 XX acids deleted, provided the motif XLXP is retained. The peptides are
 XX specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 XX preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 XX to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 XX disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 XX identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 XX involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 XX interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 XX activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 XX binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 XX substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
 XX Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 XX for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 XX compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 XX C-terminus of p21
 XX
 XX Sequence 8 AA;
 XX
 XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 XX Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
 XX Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 XX 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 XX 1 HAKRRLFF 8
 XX
 XX RESULT 18
 XX AAG66257
 XX AAG66257 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
 XX
 XX AAG66257;
 XX
 XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 XX p21 C-terminus derived peptide #49.
 XX
 XX Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 XX inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.
 XX
 XX Homo sapiens.
 XX Synthetic.
 XX
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 XX Modified-site 1
 XX Modified-site /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
 XX Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"
 XX
 XX

XX WO200140142-A2.
 XX 07-JUN-2001.
 XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
 XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
 XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
 XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
 XX Atkinson GB;
 XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
 XX
 XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 XX selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 XX proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 XX identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
 XX
 XX Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.
 XX
 XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 XX which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 XX specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 XX complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 XX peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 XX acids deleted, provided the motif XIXF is retained. The peptides are
 XX specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 XX preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 XX to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 XX disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 XX identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 XX involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 XX interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 XX activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 XX binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 XX substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide-cyclin interactions.
 XX Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 XX for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 XX compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 XX C-terminus of p21
 XX
 XX Sequence 8 AA;
 XX
 XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 XX Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 XX 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 XX :||:|:|
 XX 1 FAKRRLIIF 8
 XX
 XX RESULT 19
 XX AAG66259
 XX ID AAG66259 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
 XX AAG66259;
 XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 XX p21 C-terminus derived peptide #51.
 XX Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 XX inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemia; drug screening.
 XX Homo sapiens.
 XX Synthetic.
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 XX Modified-site 1

PT Modified-site /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
 PT 2
 PT /label= OTHER, Abu, Nva
 PT /note= "Other= t-Butylglycine or phenylglycine"
 FT Modified-site 8
 FT /note= "C-terminal amide"
 XX
 XX WO200140142-A2.
 XX 07-JUN-2001.
 XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
 XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
 XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
 XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
 XX Atkinson GB;
 XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
 XX
 XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 XX selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 XX proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 XX identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
 XX
 XX Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.
 XX
 XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 XX which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 XX specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 XX complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 XX peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 XX acids deleted, provided the motif XIXF is retained. The peptides are
 XX specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 XX preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 XX to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 XX disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 XX identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 XX involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 XX interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 XX activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 XX binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 XX substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide-cyclin interactions.
 XX Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 XX for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 XX compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 XX C-terminus of p21
 XX
 XX Sequence 8 AA;
 XX
 XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 XX Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 XX 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 XX :||:|:|
 XX 1 HXKRRLIIF 8
 XX
 XX RESULT 20
 XX AAG66261
 XX ID AAG66261 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
 XX AAG66261;
 XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 XX p21 C-terminus derived peptide #53.
 XX Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 XX inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemia; drug screening.

XX OS Homo sapiens.
OS Synthetic.
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Modified-site 1
FT Modified-site /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
FT Modified-site 8
FT Modified-site /note= "C-terminal amide"
XX WO200140142-A2.
XX 07-JUN-2001.
XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC,
PI Atkinson GE;
XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.
XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are
CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions, specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21
XX Sequence 8 AA;
SQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 1 HIKRRLIF 8

RESULT 21
AA66273 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX
AC AA66273;
XX
DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE p21 C-terminus derived peptide #65.

XX KM Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
KW inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemia; drug screening.
XX
XX OS Homo sapiens.
OS Synthetic.
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Modified-site 1
FT Modified-site /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
FT Modified-site 8
FT Modified-site /note= "C-terminal amide"
XX WO200140142-A2.
XX 07-JUN-2001.
XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC,
PI Atkinson GE;
XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.
XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are
CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions, specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21
XX Sequence 8 AA;
SQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
DB 1 HAKRRLIF 8

RESULT 22
AA65137 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX
AC AA65137;
XX

XX	21-NOV-2001	(first entry)
DB	Synthetic peptide, p21 C-terminus (S153A).	
KX	Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;	
KM	inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening;	
KW	p21 C-terminus (S153A).	
XX	Homo sapiens.	
OS	Synthetic.	
XX		
FH	Key	Location/Qualifiers
FT	Modified-site	1 /note= "Optional Hydrogenated N-terminus"
FT	Modified-site	8 /note= "Optional C-terminal carboxamide or amide"
FN	WO200140142-A2.	
PD	07-JUN-2001.	
XX	29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.	
PE	30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.	
PR	(CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.	
PA	Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJT, Chan WC;	
P1	Atkinson GB;	
XX	WPI; 2001-486493/53.	
DR	New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as	
PT	selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating	
PT	proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for	
PT	identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.	
XX		
PS	Claim 15; Page 84; 102pp; English.	
XX	The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,	
CC	which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase	
CC	specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin	
CC	complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the	
CC	peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino	
CC	acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are	
CC	specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,	
CC	preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds	
CC	to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative	
CC	disorders, e.g. cancers and leukaemias. The peptides are also for	
CC	identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions	
CC	involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin	
CC	interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4	
CC	activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the	
CC	binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify	
CC	substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide-cyclin interactions.	
CC	Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific	
CC	for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single	
CC	compound collections. The present sequence is a synthetic peptide derived	
CC	from the C-terminus of p21	
XX		
XX	Sequence 8 AA;	

RESULT 23
AAG666262

ID AAG66262 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
 AC AAG66262;
 AD
 AE
 AF
 AG
 AH
 AI
 AJ
 AK
 AL
 AM
 AN
 AO
 AP
 AQ
 AR
 AS
 AT
 AU
 AV
 AW
 AX
 AY
 AZ
 BA
 BB
 BC
 BD
 BE
 BF
 BG
 BH
 BI
 BJ
 BK
 BL
 BM
 BN
 BO
 BP
 BQ
 BR
 BS
 BT
 BU
 BV
 BW
 BX
 BY
 BZ
 CA
 CB
 CC
 CD
 CE
 CF
 CG
 CH
 CI
 CJ
 CK
 CL
 CM
 CN
 CO
 CP
 CQ
 CR
 CS
 CT
 CU
 CV
 CW
 CX
 CY
 CZ
 DA
 DB
 DC
 DD
 DE
 DF
 DG
 DH
 DI
 DJ
 DK
 DL
 DM
 DN
 DO
 DP
 DQ
 DR
 DS
 DT
 DU
 DV
 DW
 DX
 DY
 DZ
 EA
 EB
 EC
 ED
 EE
 EF
 EG
 EH
 EI
 EJ
 EK
 EL
 EM
 EN
 EO
 EP
 EQ
 ER
 ES
 ET
 EU
 EV
 EW
 EX
 EY
 EZ
 FA
 FB
 FC
 FD
 FE
 FF
 FG
 FH
 FI
 FJ
 FK
 FL
 FM
 FN
 FO
 FP
 FQ
 FR
 FS
 FT
 FU
 FV
 FW
 FX
 FY
 FZ
 GA
 GB
 GC
 GD
 GE
 GF
 GG
 GH
 GI
 GJ
 GK
 GL
 GM
 GN
 GO
 GP
 GQ
 GR
 GS
 GT
 GU
 GV
 GW
 GX
 GY
 GZ
 HA
 HB
 HC
 HD
 HE
 HF
 HG
 HH
 HI
 HJ
 HK
 HL
 HM
 HN
 HO
 HP
 HQ
 HR
 HS
 HT
 HU
 HV
 HW
 HX
 HY
 HZ
 IA
 IB
 IC
 ID
 IE
 IF
 IG
 IH
 II
 IJ
 IK
 IL
 IM
 IN
 IO
 IP
 IQ
 IR
 IS
 IT
 IU
 IV
 IW
 IX
 IY
 IZ
 JA
 JB
 JC
 JD
 JE
 JF
 JG
 JH
 JI
 JJ
 JK
 JL
 JM
 JN
 JO
 JP
 JQ
 JR
 JS
 JT
 JU
 JV
 JW
 JX
 JY
 JZ
 KA
 KB
 KC
 KD
 KE
 KF
 KG
 KH
 KI
 KJ
 KK
 KL
 KM
 KN
 KO
 KP
 KQ
 KR
 KS
 KT
 KU
 KV
 KW
 KX
 KY
 KZ
 LA
 LB
 LC
 LD
 LE
 LF
 LG
 LH
 LI
 LJ
 LK
 LL
 LM
 LN
 LO
 LP
 LQ
 LR
 LS
 LT
 LU
 LV
 LW
 LX
 LY
 LZ
 MA
 MB
 MC
 MD
 ME
 MF
 MG
 MH
 MI
 MJ
 MK
 ML
 MN
 MO
 MP
 MQ
 MR
 MS
 MT
 MU
 MV
 MW
 MX
 MY
 MZ
 NA
 NB
 NC
 ND
 NE
 NF
 NG
 NH
 NI
 NJ
 NK
 NL
 NM
 NO
 NP
 NQ
 NR
 NS
 NT
 NU
 NV
 NW
 NX
 NY
 NZ
 OA
 OB
 OC
 OD
 OE
 OF
 OG
 OH
 OI
 OJ
 OK
 OL
 OM
 ON
 OO
 OP
 OQ
 OR
 OS
 OT
 OU
 OV
 OW
 OX
 OY
 OZ
 PA
 PB
 PC
 PD
 PE
 PF
 PG
 PH
 PI
 PJ
 PK
 PL
 PM
 PN
 PO
 PP
 PQ
 PR
 PS
 PT
 PU
 PV
 PW
 PX
 PY
 PZ
 QA
 QB
 QC
 QD
 QE
 QF
 QG
 QH
 QI
 QJ
 QK
 QL
 QM
 QN
 QO
 QP
 QQ
 QR
 QS
 QT
 QU
 QV
 QW
 QX
 QY
 QZ
 RA
 RB
 RC
 RD
 RE
 RF
 RG
 RH
 RI
 RJ
 RK
 RL
 RM
 RN
 RO
 RP
 RQ
 RR
 RS
 RT
 RU
 RV
 RW
 RX
 RY
 RZ
 SA
 SB
 SC
 SD
 SE
 SF
 SG
 SH
 SI
 SJ
 SK
 SL
 SM
 SN
 SO
 SP
 SQ
 SR
 SS
 ST
 SU
 SV
 SW
 SX
 SY
 SZ
 TA
 TB
 TC
 TD
 TE
 TF
 TG
 TH
 TI
 TJ
 TK
 TL
 TM
 TN
 TO
 TP
 TQ
 TR
 TS
 TU
 TV
 TW
 TX
 TY
 TZ
 UA
 UB
 UC
 UD
 UE
 UF
 UG
 UH
 UI
 UJ
 UK
 UL
 UM
 UN
 UO
 UP
 UQ
 UR
 US
 UT
 UU
 UV
 UW
 UX
 UY
 UZ
 VA
 VB
 VC
 VD
 VE
 VF
 VG
 VH
 VI
 VJ
 VK
 VL
 VM
 VN
 VO
 VP
 VQ
 VR
 VS
 VT
 VU
 VW
 VX
 VY
 VZ
 WA
 WB
 WC
 WD
 WE
 WF
 WG
 WH
 WI
 WJ
 WK
 WL
 WM
 WN
 WO
 WP
 WQ
 WR
 WS
 WT
 WU
 WV
 WW
 WX
 WY
 WZ
 XA
 XB
 XC
 XD
 XE
 XF
 XG
 XH
 XI
 XJ
 XK
 XL
 XM
 XN
 XO
 XP
 XQ
 XR
 XS
 XT
 XU
 XV
 XW
 XX
 XY
 XZ
 YA
 YB
 YC
 YD
 YE
 YF
 YG
 YH
 YI
 YJ
 YK
 YL
 YM
 YN
 YO
 YP
 YQ
 YR
 YS
 YT
 YU
 YV
 YW
 YX
 YY
 YZ
 ZA
 ZB
 ZC
 ZD
 ZE
 ZF
 ZG
 ZH
 ZI
 ZJ
 ZK
 ZL
 ZM
 ZN
 ZO
 ZP
 ZQ
 ZR
 ZS
 ZT
 ZU
 ZV
 ZW
 ZX
 ZY
 ZZ

Query Match	100.0%;	Score 20;	DB 4;	Length 8;
Best Local Similarity	37.5%;	Pred. No. 2e+06;		
Matches	3;	Conservative	5;	Mismatches 0;
				Indels 0;
				Gaps 0;
QY	1 XXXRXLXF 8			
	::: ::			
Db	1 HFKRRLIF 8			

```

RESULT 24
AAG6264
ID AAG6264 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX
AC AAG6264;
XX
DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE p21 C-terminus derived peptide #56.
XX
KW Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
OS Synthetic.
XX
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
FT Modified-site 3 /label= Abu, Nle
FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"
FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"
XX
PN WO200140142-A2.
XX
PD 07-JUN-2001.
XX
PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
XX
PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX
PR (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX
PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
PI Atkinson GE;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX
PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX
PS Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLPF is retained. The peptides are
CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. p21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21
XX
SQ Sequence 8 AA;

```

```

QY 1 XXXRRLXF 8
DB 1 HAXRRLIF 8
XX
RESULT 25
AAG6265
ID AAG6265 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX
AC AAG6265;
XX
DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE p21 C-terminus derived peptide #57.
XX
KW Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
OS Synthetic.
XX
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"
FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"
XX
PN WO200140142-A2.
XX
PD 07-JUN-2001.
XX
PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
XX
PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX
PR (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX
PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
PI Atkinson GE;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX
PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX
PS Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLPF is retained. The peptides are
CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. p21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21
XX
SQ Sequence 8 AA;

```

```

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```


Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 ::||::|
 DB 1 HAKRLRIF 8

RESULT 26
 AAG65145

ID AAG65145 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AC AAG65145;

DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Synthetic peptide, p21 N-terminus-LIF hybrid.

KM Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;

KW inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening;

OS Homo sapiens.

OS Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

Misc-difference 3 /label= OTHER

FT Modified-site 8 /note= "Other= unidentified"

FT /note= "C-terminal carboxamide"

WO200140142-A2.

PD 07-JUN-2001.

PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;

PI Atkinson GE;

DR WPI; 2001-488493/53.

PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukaemias, and in assays for
 PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Example 9; Page 48; 102pp; English.

CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XIXF is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukaemias. The peptides are also for
 CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 CC activity. p21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
 CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single

CC compound collections. The present sequence is a synthetic peptide derived
 CC from the N-terminus of p21
 CC Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
 Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
 ::||::|
 DB 1 KXXRRLIF 8

RESULT 27

AAG66207
 ID AAG66207 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AC AAG66207;

DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE p21 derived peptide, p21(152)Ser153Ala #7.

KM Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;

KW inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening;

OS Homo sapiens.

OS Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

FT Misc-difference 7 /label= Ile, Ala, OTHER, Leu, Val, Nle, Phe, Nva, Iml

FT /note= "Other= Cyclohexylalanine or absent"

FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

WO200140142-A2.

PD 07-JUN-2001.

PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;

PI Atkinson GE;

DR WPI; 2001-488493/53.

PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukaemias, and in assays for
 PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Example 19; Page 57; 102pp; English.

CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XIXF is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukaemias. The peptides are also for
 CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions

CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21 and used in a Cyclin A binding experiment, the effect
CC on cyclin A binding of replacing the Ile residue at position 7 was
CC assessed
CC
SQ Sequence 8 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
Db 1 HAKRLXF 8
RESULT 28
AAG66263
ID AAG66263 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
AC AAG66263;
XX
DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
DE p21 C-terminus derived peptide #55.
XX
KW Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
XX inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
OS Synthetic.
XX
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"
FT
FT
PM WO200140142-A2.
XX
PD 07-JUN-2001.
XX
PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
XX
PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX
PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX
PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
PI Atkinson GE;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX
PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX
PS Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are

CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukaemias. The peptides are also for
CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21
CC
SQ Sequence 8 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
Db 1 HAKRLXF 8
RESULT 29
AAG65127
ID AAG65127 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
AC AAG65127;
XX
DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
DE p21WAF1 C-terminal peptide #30.
XX
KW Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
XX inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
OS
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Modified-site 8 /note= "Optional C-terminal carboxamide"
FT
FT
PM WO200140142-A2.
XX
PD 07-JUN-2001.
XX
PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
XX
PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX
PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX
PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
PI Atkinson GE;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX
PT New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX
PS Claim 15; Page 84; 102pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are

specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins, preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4 activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions. Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide corresponding to p21(145-164) or a peptide derived from that region

Sequence 8 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|::|
DB 1 HSKRRLIF 8

RESULT 30

AAU05706
ID AAU05706 standard; protein; 8 AA.

AAU05706;

21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

p21 C-terminus derived peptide #73.

Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A; inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.

Homo sapiens.
Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

WO200140142-A2.

07-JUN-2001.

29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

(CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MT, Chan WC;

Atkinson GB;

WPI; 2001-488493/53.

New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.

The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1, which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin

complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins, preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4 activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions. Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the C-terminus of p21

Sequence 8 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|::|
DB 1 HAKRRLAF 8

RESULT 31

AAU05741
ID AAU05741 standard; protein; 8 AA.

AAU05741;

21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

p21 C-terminus derived peptide #110.

Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A; inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.

Homo sapiens.
Synthetic.

Key Location/Qualifiers

Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

WO200140142-A2.

07-JUN-2001.

29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

(CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MT, Chan WC;

Atkinson GB;

WPI; 2001-488493/53.

New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

Claim 34; Page 91; 102pp; English.

XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.

XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXP is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide-cyclin interactions.
 CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 CC C-terminus of p21

XX Sequence 8 AA;
 SQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXP 8
 Db 1 HAKRNLIF 8

RESULT 34
 AAG66203
 ID AAG66203 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
 XX
 AC AAG66203;
 XX
 DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DB p21 derived peptide, p21(152)Ser153Ala #3.
 XX
 XX Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 KM inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemia; drug screening;
 KM p21(152)Ser153Ala.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 OS
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
 FT Misc-difference 3
 FT /label= Lys, Ala, Nle, Abu, Leu, Arg
 FT Modified-site 8
 FT /note= "C-terminal amide"
 FT
 FT
 PN WO200140142-A2.
 XX
 PD 07-JUN-2001.
 XX
 PF 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
 XX
 PR 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
 XX

PA (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
 XX
 XX Zhaleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
 PL Atkinson GE;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2001-488493/53.
 XX

XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
 PT selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
 PT proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
 PT identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

PS Example 15; Page 55; 102pp; English.

XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
 CC which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
 CC specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
 CC complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
 CC peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
 CC acids deleted, provided the motif XLXP is retained. The peptides are
 CC specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
 CC preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
 CC to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
 CC disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
 CC identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
 CC involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin
 CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
 CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
 CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
 CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide-cyclin interactions.
 CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
 CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
 CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
 CC C-terminus of p21 and used in a cyclin A binding experiment, the effect
 CC on cyclin A binding of replacing the Lys residue at position 3 was
 CC assessed

XX Sequence 8 AA;
 SQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
 Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXP 8
 Db 1 HAKRNLIF 8

RESULT 35
 AA05740
 ID AA05740 standard; protein; 8 AA.
 XX
 AC AA05740;
 XX
 DT 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DB p21 C-terminus derived peptide #109.
 XX
 XX Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
 KM inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemia; drug screening.
 KM
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 OS
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified-site 1 /label= OTHER
 FT /note= "Other= Thiophenylalanine, diaminobutyric acid or
 FT homoserine"
 FT Modified-site 1
 FT /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
 FT Modified-site 8
 FT /note= "C-terminal amide"
 FT

XX WO200140142-A2.
XX 07-JUN-2001.
XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
XX Atkinson GE;
XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX
XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
XX selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
XX proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
XX identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX
XX Claim 34; Page 91; 102pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
XX which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
XX specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
XX complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
XX peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
XX acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are
XX specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
XX preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
XX to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
XX disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
XX identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
XX involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
XX interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
XX activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
XX binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
XX substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
XX Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
XX for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
XX compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
XX C-terminus of p21
XX
XX Sequence 8 AA;
XX
XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
XX Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
XX Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLYF 8
DB 1 XAKRRLIF 8

RESULT 36
AAG66205
ID AAG66205 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX
XX AAG66205;
XX
XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX p21 derived peptide, p21(152)Ser153Ala #5.
XX
XX Human; p21WAF1: cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
XX inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukemia; drug screening;
XX p21(152)Ser153Ala.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1
FT /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"
FT
FT Misc-difference 5
FT /label= Arg, Ala, OTHER, Asn, Pro, Ser, Alb
FT /note= "Other= citrulline or sarcosine"
FT
FT Modified-site 8
FT /note= "C-terminal amide"
XX
XX WO200140142-A2.
XX 07-JUN-2001.
XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX
XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;
XX Atkinson GE;
XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.
XX
XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
XX selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
XX proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
XX identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
XX
XX Example 17; Page 56; 102pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
XX which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
XX specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
XX complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the
XX peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
XX acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are
XX specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
XX preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
XX to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
XX disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for
XX identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
XX involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
XX interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
XX activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
XX binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
XX substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.
XX Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
XX for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
XX compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
XX C-terminus of p21 and used in a Cyclin A binding experiment, the effect
XX on cyclin A binding of replacing the Arg residue at position 5 was
XX assessed
XX
XX Sequence 8 AA;
XX
XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
XX Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
XX Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXLYF 8
DB 1 HAKRRLIF 8

RESULT 37
AAU05709
ID AAU05709 standard; protein; 8 AA.
XX
XX AAU05709;
XX
XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX p21 C-terminus derived peptide #76.
XX
XX

XX	Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;
KM	inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.
XX	
OS	Homo sapiens.
XX	Synthetic.
FH	
FT	Key
FT	Modified-site
FT	7
FT	/label= OTHER, Nle, Nva, lnal
FT	/note= "Other= cyclohexalanine"
FT	Modified-site
FT	8
FT	/note= "C-terminal amide"
XX	
PN	WO200140142-A2.
XX	
PB	07-JUN-2001.
XX	
PP	29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.
XX	
PR	30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.
XX	
PA	(CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX	
P1	Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJT, Chan WC;
P1	Atkinson GB;
XX	
DR	WPI; 2001-486493/53.
XX	
PT	New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as
PT	selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating
PT	proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for
PT	identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.
PS	Claim 25; Page 88; 102pp; English.
XX	
CC	The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,
CC	which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase
CC	specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin
CC	complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the
CC	peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino
CC	acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are
CC	specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,
CC	preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds
CC	to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative
CC	disorders, e.g. cancers and leukaemias. The peptides are also for
CC	identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions
CC	involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin
CC	interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4
CC	activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the
CC	binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify
CC	substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide-cyclin interactions.
CC	Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific
CC	for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC	compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC	C-terminus of p21
XX	
SC	Sequence 8 AA;
Query Match	100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity	50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches	4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Oy	1 XXXRXIXF 8
	::::
Dh	1 HAKRRLXF 8
RESULT 38	
AAG65150	
AAAG65150 standard; peptide; 8 AA.	

XX	AA65150;		
AC			
DT	21-NOV-2001	(first entry)	
XX			
DE	p21 derived cyclin A binding peptide #2.		
XX			
KW	Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;		
KW	inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening;		
KM	mutant; mte1n.		
XX			
OS	Homo sapiens.		
OS	Synthetic.		
PH	Key	Location/Qualifiers	
FT	Misc-difference	1 /note= "Optionally a D-form residue"	
FT	Modified-site	1 /note= "Hydrogenated N-terminus"	
FT	Misc-difference	2 /note= "Optionally a D-form residue"	
FT	Misc-difference	3 /note= "Optionally a D-form residue"	
FT	Misc-difference	4 /note= "Optionally a D-form residue"	
FT	Misc-difference	5 /note= "Optionally a D-form residue"	
FT	Misc-difference	7 /note= "Optionally a D-form residue"	
FT	Modified-site	8 /note= "C-terminal amide"	
FT	Misc-difference	8 /note= "Optionally a D-form residue"	
FT			
PN	WO200140142-A2.		
XX			
PD	07-JUN-2001.		
XX			
PF	29-NOV-2000; 2000MO-GB004550.		
PR			
XX	30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.		
PA	(CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.		
XX			
PI	Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MT, Chan WC;		
PI	Atkinson GB;		
XX			
DR	WPI, 2001-488493/53.		
XX			
PT	New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as		
PT	selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating		
PT	proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for		
PT	identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.		
XX			
PS	Example 12; Page 53; 102pp; English.		
XX			
CC	The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,		
CC	which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase		
CC	specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin		
CC	complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or B complexes. The variants of the		
CC	peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino		
CC	acids deleted, provided the motif XLXP is retained. The peptides are		
CC	specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,		
CC	preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds		
CC	to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative		
CC	disorders, e.g. cancers and leukaemias. The peptides are also for		
CC	identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions		
CC	involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, B or D), especially CDK/cyclin		
CC	interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4		
CC	activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the		
CC	binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify		
CC	substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.		
CC	Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific		

CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single
CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the
CC C-terminus of p21 and used in a Cyclin A binding experiment, the effect on
CC cyclin A binding of replacing each residue with its chiral alternative
CC was tested

XX Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;

Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:|

Db 1 HAKRRLIF 8

RESULT 39

AA066266 ID AA066266 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

XX AA066266;

XX 21-NOV-2001 (first entry)

XX p21 C-terminus derived peptide #58.

DE Human; p21WAF1; cyclin dependent protein kinase; CDK2; cyclin A;

KW inhibitor; proliferative disorder; cancer; leukaemia; drug screening.

XX Homo sapiens.

OS Synthetic.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /note= "The N-terminus is hydrogenated"

FT Modified-site 8 /note= "C-terminal amide"

FT WO200140142-A2.

XX 07-JUN-2001.

XX 29-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB004550.

XX 30-NOV-1999; 99GB-00028323.

XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJ, Chan WC;

XX PI Atkinson GB;

XX WPI; 2001-488493/53.

XX New p21 derived peptides and their variants, particularly useful as

XX selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin interaction for treating

XX proliferative disorders e.g. cancers and leukemias, and in assays for

XX identifying CDK/cyclin inhibitors.

XX Claim 25; Page 87; 102pp; English.

XX The invention relates to peptide and their variants derived from p21WAF1,

XX which are inhibitors of CDK2 activity by binding to G1 and S phase

XX specific cyclins which activate CDK2; selective inhibitors of CDK2/cyclin

XX complexes, particularly CDK2/cyclin A or E complexes. The variants of the

XX peptide may have further amino acids at either end or have up to 7 amino

XX acids deleted, provided the motif XLXF is retained. The peptides are

XX specific regions of p21WAF1 that bind to G1 and S phase specific cyclins,

XX preferably cyclins which activate CDK2. One of the peptides corresponds

XX to p21(149-159). The peptides are used for treating proliferative

XX disorders, e.g. cancers and leukemias. The peptides are also for

XX identifying substances which interfere with protein-protein interactions

XX involving cyclins (i.e. cyclin A, E or D), especially CDK/cyclin

CC interactions, and which are capable of inhibiting CDK2 and/or CDK4

CC activity. P21 peptides other than p21(149-159) competitively inhibit the

CC binding of peptide p21(149-159) to cyclin and may be used to identify

CC substances that bind to, or inhibit peptide- cyclin interactions.

CC Substances for screening in the assays include antibody products specific

CC for p21 or cyclin binding regions, combinatorial libraries and single

CC compound collections. The present sequence is a peptide derived from the

XX C-terminus of p21

XX Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;

Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:|

Db 1 HAKRRLIF 8

RESULT 40

AA02281 ID AA02281 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

XX AA02281;

XX 02-JUL-2001 (first entry)

XX Hepatitis C virus epitope #2272.

XX Hepatitis C virus; HCV; epitope; vaccine; immunogen; HLA-binding motif;

XX antiviral.

XX Hepatitis C virus.

XX WO200121189-A1.

XX 29-MAR-2001.

XX 19-JUL-2000; 2000WO-US019774.

XX 19-JUL-1999; 99US-00357737.

XX (EPIIM-) EPIMUNE INC.

XX Sette A, Sidney J, Southwood S, Livingston BD, Chesnut R;

XX PI Baker DM, Celis E, Kudo RT, Grey HM;

XX WPI; 2001-308046/32.

XX A new composition useful as a vaccine against hepatitis C virus.

XX Disclosure; Page 157; 214pp; English.

XX The present invention describes a composition comprising a prepared

XX hepatitis C virus (HCV) epitope such as those given in AA00010-AA004121.

XX CC These are derived from HCV HLA-binding motifs. They are useful in

XX CC vaccines for the prevention and treatment of HCV infection in humans. The

XX CC present sequence is an epitope used in the disclosure of the invention

XX Sequence 8 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 8;

Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 XXXRXLXF 8
:::|:|:|

Db 1 KQGRRLIF 8

RESULT 41

AD072146 ID AD072146 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

ID ADJ72146 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
 XX
 AC ADJ72146;
 XX
 DT 06-MAY-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Cyclin recognition motif (CRM) from human p21 (C) protein.
 XX
 KW poly-adenylate polymerase; poly-A polymerase; PAP;
 KW cyclin recognition motif; CRM; dividing cell; tumour; non-dividing cell;
 KW cell death; cytosstatic; human; p21.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN US6696546-B1.
 XX
 PD 24-FEB-2004.
 XX
 PF 06-NOV-2000; 2000US-00707263.
 XX
 PR 06-NOV-2000; 2000US-00707263.
 XX
 PA (UYCO) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.
 XX
 PI Bond GL, Manley JL, Prives C;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-212375/20.
 XX
 PT New peptides spanning poly-adenylate polymerase's cyclin recognition
 PT motif, useful for killing dividing cells, treating abnormalities and
 PT tumors in a subject, and protecting non-dividing cells from cell death.
 XX
 PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 9; 27pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present invention relates to peptides derived from poly-adenylate
 CC (poly-A) polymerase (PAP) cyclin recognition motif (CRM). Also disclosed
 CC is a pharmaceutical carrier, and methods of killing dividing cells and
 CC treating abnormalities and tumors in a subject using the peptides. The
 CC peptides are useful for killing dividing cells, treating abnormalities
 CC and tumors in a subject, and protecting non-dividing cells from cell
 CC death. The peptides are also useful for preparing a pharmaceutical
 CC composition for treating an abnormality. The present sequence represents
 CC a CRM from a human protein.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 8 AA;
 XX
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 8; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 : : : : : : : :
 Db 1 HSKRRLIF 8
 : : : : : : : :
 RESULT 42
 ADJ72150
 ID ADJ72150 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
 XX
 AC ADJ72150;
 XX
 DT 06-MAY-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Cyclin recognition motif (CRM) from human Cdc25A protein.
 XX
 KW Poly-adenylate polymerase; poly-A polymerase; PAP;
 KW cyclin recognition motif; CRM; dividing cell; tumour; non-dividing cell;
 KW cell death; cytosstatic; human; Cdc25A.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN US6696546-B1.
 XX

XX
 PD 24-FEB-2004.
 XX
 PF 06-NOV-2000; 2000US-00707263.
 XX
 PR 06-NOV-2000; 2000US-00707263.
 XX
 PA (UYCO) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.
 XX
 PI Bond GL, Manley JL, Prives C;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-212375/20.
 XX
 PT New peptides spanning poly-adenylate polymerase's cyclin recognition
 PT motif, useful for killing dividing cells, treating abnormalities and
 PT tumors in a subject, and protecting non-dividing cells from cell death.
 XX
 PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 13; 27pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present invention relates to peptides derived from poly-adenylate
 CC (poly-A) polymerase (PAP) cyclin recognition motif (CRM). Also disclosed
 CC is a pharmaceutical carrier, and methods of killing dividing cells and
 CC treating abnormalities and tumors in a subject using the peptides. The
 CC peptides are useful for killing dividing cells, treating abnormalities
 CC and tumors in a subject, and protecting non-dividing cells from cell
 CC death. The peptides are also useful for preparing a pharmaceutical
 CC composition for treating an abnormality. The present sequence represents
 CC a CRM from a human protein.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 8 AA;
 XX
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 8; Length 8;
 Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 XXXRXLXF 8
 : : : : : : : :
 Db 1 PAPRRLIF 8
 : : : : : : : :
 RESULT 43
 ADJ77243
 ID ADJ77243 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
 XX
 AC ADJ77243;
 XX
 DT 14-JUL-2005 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Rapamycin derivative #3.
 XX
 KW cytosstatic; antipsoriatic; vasotropic; immunostimulant;
 KW immunosuppressive; protein interaction; cell proliferation; cell cycle;
 KW hyperproliferation; cancer; cytosstatic; neoplasm; growth disorder;
 KW hyperplasia; psoriasis; antipsoriatic; dermatological disease;
 KW immune disorder; vasotropic; restenosis; cardiovascular disease;
 KW immune disorder; autoimmune disease; graft versus host disease;
 KW immunosuppressive; rapamycin.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified-site 1 /label= OTHER
 FT /note= "OTHER= NH2-N-Tm(trityl)"
 FT Modified-site 8 /label= OTHER
 FT /note= "OTHER= CH2OH, D form residue"
 XX
 PN WO2005042567-A1.
 XX
 PD 12-MAY-2005.
 XX

PF 03-NOV-2004; 2004WO-CA001918.
XX natural or unnatural amino acid residue having a side chain comprising at
PR 03-NOV-2003; 2003US-0516273P.
XX least one H-bond acceptor moiety and at least one H-bond donor moiety;
PA (ALTRA-) ALTRACHEM PHARMA LTD.
PI Sharma SK, Woo T, Naicker S;
XX WPI; 2005-356159/36.
DR New rapamycin peptide conjugate compounds are H3 thymidine uptake
PT inhibitors useful for the treatment of e.g. cancer, hyperplasia,
PT psoriasis and hyperproliferative vascular disease.
XX Example 18; Page 37; 60pp; English.
PS
XX The invention describes rapamycin peptide conjugate compounds (I). Also
CC described are: a stent coated with (I); and a composition comprising (I).
CC (I) are useful for the treatment of cell proliferation disorders e.g.
CC cancer, hyperplasia, psoriasis and hyperproliferative vascular disease
CC (restenosis), immunological condition, autoimmune disease and host-graft
CC disease. (I) is useful as immunosuppressant. This is the amino acid
CC sequence of a rapamycin derivative created in the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 8 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 9; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
Db 1 HAKRRLIF 8
RESULT 44
AD271454
ID AD271454 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX
XX AD271454;
XX
XX 14-JUL-2005 (first entry)
XX
XX p21-derived peptide #39.
XX
XX CDK inhibitor; Cyclin-dependent kinase-2 inhibitor; p21; cancer;
XX neoplasm; cytostatic; pharmaceutical; drug screening.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX WO2005040802-A2.
XX
XX 06-MAY-2005.
XX
XX 20-OCT-2004; 2004WO-GB004431.
XX
XX 20-OCT-2003; 2003GB-00024466.
XX
XX 02-FEB-2004; 2004US-00771242.
XX
XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX
XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MT, Chan WC;
XX Atkinson GS;
XX
XX WPI; 2005-355897/36.
XX
XX New peptide inhibitors of cyclin dependent kinases derived from the C-
XX terminal region of p21, useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
XX proliferative disorder such as cancer.
XX
XX Disclosure; Page 11; 112pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a peptide or its variant comprising formula: A-

CC (B) m -C-(D) n -E, where m or n are each independently 0 or 1; A is a
CC natural or unnatural amino acid residue having a side chain comprising at
CC least one H-bond acceptor moiety and at least one H-bond donor moiety;
CC each of B or D is independently an amino acid residue selected from
CC arginine, glycine, citrulline, glutamine, serine, lysine, asparagine,
CC isoleucine or alanine; C is a natural or unnatural amino acid residue
CC having a branched or unbranched C 1 -C 6 alkylene side chain optionally
CC containing a H-bond donor or a H-bond acceptor moiety; and E is a natural
CC or unnatural amino acid residue having an aryl or heteroaryl side chain.
CC Also described are: a pharmaceutical composition comprising the peptide
CC admixed with a diluent, an excipient or a carrier; an assay for
CC identifying candidate substances capable of binding to a cyclin
CC associated with a G1 control CDK enzyme and/or inhibiting the enzyme; an
CC assay for identifying compounds that interact a cyclin or a cyclin when
CC complexed with the physiologically relevant CDK; and a method of using a
CC cyclin in a drug screening assay. The assay for identifying candidate
CC substances capable of binding to a cyclin associated with a G1 control
CC CDK enzyme and/or inhibiting the enzyme comprises: bringing into contact
CC a peptide as defined above, the cyclin, the CDK and the candidate
CC substance, under conditions where, in the absence of the candidate
CC interaction, the peptidomimetic would bind to the cyclin; and monitoring
CC any change in the expected binding of the peptide and the cyclin. The
CC assay for identifying compounds that interact a cyclin or a cyclin when
CC complexed with the physiologically relevant CDK comprises: incubating a
CC candidate compound and the peptide and a cyclin or cyclin/CDK complex;
CC and detecting binding of either the candidate compound or the peptide
CC with the cyclin. The cyclin is cyclin A, cyclin E or cyclin D. The assay
CC comprises use of a three-dimensional model of a cyclin and a candidate
CC compound. At least one of the assay components is bound to a solid phase.
CC The peptidomimetic is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
CC cyclin. The cyclin is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
CC peptide. One of the assay components is labeled with a fluorescence
CC technique. Using a cyclin in a drug screening assay comprises: selecting
CC a candidate compound by performing rational drug design with a three-
CC dimensional model of the cyclin, where the selecting is performed in
CC conjunction with computer modeling; contacting the candidate compound
CC with the cyclin; and detecting the binding of the candidate compound for
CC the cyclin groove. A potential drug is selected on the basis of its
CC having a greater affinity for the cyclin groove than that of the peptide.
CC The method of detection comprises monitoring G0 and/or G1/S cell cycle,
CC cell cycle-related apoptosis, suppression of E2F transcription factor,
CC hypophosphorylation of cellular Pdb, or in vitro anti-proliferative
CC effects. The peptide is useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
CC proliferative disorder, e.g., cancer. The present sequence represents a
XX p21-derived peptide of the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 8 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 9; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8
Db 1 HAKRRLIF 8
RESULT 45
AD271458
ID AD271458 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX
XX AD271458;
XX
XX 14-JUL-2005 (first entry)
XX
XX p21-derived peptide #43.
XX
XX CDK inhibitor; Cyclin-dependent kinase-2 inhibitor; p21; cancer;
XX neoplasm; cytostatic; pharmaceutical; drug screening.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX

XX WO2005040802-A2.
XX
XX 06-MAY-2005.
XX
XX 20-OCT-2004; 2004WO-GB0004431.
XX
XX 20-OCT-2003; 2003GB-00024466.
XX
XX 02-FEB-2004; 2004US-00771242.
XX
XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX
XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJT, Chan WC;
XX Atkinson GB;
XX
XX WPI: 2005-355897/36.
XX
XX New peptide inhibitors of cyclin dependent kinases derived from the C-
XX terminal region of p21, useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
XX proliferative disorder such as cancer.
XX
XX Disclosure; Page 12; 112pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a peptide or its variant comprising formula: A-
XX (B) m -C-(D) n -E, where m or n are each independently 0 or 1; A is a
XX natural or unnatural amino acid residue having a side chain comprising at
XX least one H-bond acceptor moiety and at least one H-bond donor moiety;
XX each of B or D is independently an amino acid residue selected from
XX arginine, glycine, citrulline, glutamine, serine, lysine, asparagine,
XX isoleucine or alanine; C is a natural or unnatural amino acid residue
XX having a branched or unbranched C 1 -C 6 alkylene side chain optionally
XX containing a H-bond donor or a H-bond acceptor moiety; and E is a natural
XX or unnatural amino acid residue having an aryl or heteroaryl side chain.
XX Also described are: a pharmaceutical composition comprising the peptide
XX admixed with a diluent, an excipient or a carrier; an assay for
XX identifying candidate substances capable of binding to a cyclin
XX associated with a G1 control CDK enzyme and/or inhibiting the enzyme; an
XX assay for identifying compounds that interact a cyclin or a cyclin when
XX complexed with the physiologically relevant CDK comprises: incubating a
XX candidate compound and the peptide and a cyclin or cyclin/CDK complex;
XX and detecting binding of either the candidate compound or the peptide
XX with the cyclin. The cyclin is cyclin A, cyclin B or cyclin D. The assay
XX comprises use of a three-dimensional model of a cyclin and a candidate
XX compound. At least one of the assay components is bound to a solid phase.
XX The peptidomimetic is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
XX cyclin. The cyclin is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
XX peptide. One of the assay components is labeled with a fluorescence
XX emitter and the signal is detected using fluorescence polarization
XX techniques. Using a cyclin in a drug screening assay comprises: selecting
XX a candidate compound by performing rational drug design with a three-
XX dimensional model of the cyclin, where the selecting is performed in
XX conjunction with computer modeling; contacting the candidate compound
XX with the cyclin; and detecting the binding of the candidate compound for
XX the cyclin groove. A potential drug is selected on the basis of its
XX having a greater affinity for the cyclin groove than that of the peptide.
XX The method of detection comprises monitoring G0 and/or G1/S cell cycle,
XX cell cycle-related apoptosis, suppression of B2F transcription factor,
XX hypophosphorylation of cellular pRb, or in vitro anti-proliferative
XX effects. The peptide is useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
XX proliferative disorder, e.g., cancer. The present sequence represents a
XX p21-derived peptide of the invention.
XX
XX Sequence 8 AA;
XX

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 9; Length 8;
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 1 XXXRRLXP 8
DB 1 KACRRLLP 8
RESULT 46
AD271490
ID AD271490 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX
XX AD271490;
XX
XX 14-JUL-2005 (first entry)
XX
XX p21-derived peptide #75.
XX
XX CDK inhibitor; Cyclin-dependent kinase-2 inhibitor; p21; cancer;
XX neoplasia; cytostatic; pharmaceutical; drug screening.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX WO2005040802-A2.
XX
XX 06-MAY-2005.
XX
XX 20-OCT-2004; 2004WO-GB0004431.
XX
XX 20-OCT-2003; 2003GB-00024466.
XX
XX 02-FEB-2004; 2004US-00771242.
XX
XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.
XX
XX Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MJT, Chan WC;
XX Atkinson GB;
XX
XX WPI: 2005-355897/36.
XX
XX New peptide inhibitors of cyclin dependent kinases derived from the C-
XX terminal region of p21, useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
XX proliferative disorder such as cancer.
XX
XX Disclosure; Page 12; 112pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a peptide or its variant comprising formula: A-
XX (B) m -C-(D) n -E, where m or n are each independently 0 or 1; A is a
XX natural or unnatural amino acid residue having a side chain comprising at
XX least one H-bond acceptor moiety and at least one H-bond donor moiety;
XX each of B or D is independently an amino acid residue selected from
XX arginine, glycine, citrulline, glutamine, serine, lysine, asparagine,
XX isoleucine or alanine; C is a natural or unnatural amino acid residue
XX having a branched or unbranched C 1 -C 6 alkylene side chain optionally
XX containing a H-bond donor or a H-bond acceptor moiety; and E is a natural
XX or unnatural amino acid residue having an aryl or heteroaryl side chain.
XX Also described are: a pharmaceutical composition comprising the peptide
XX admixed with a diluent, an excipient or a carrier; an assay for
XX identifying candidate substances capable of binding to a cyclin
XX associated with a G1 control CDK enzyme and/or inhibiting the enzyme; an
XX assay for identifying compounds that interact a cyclin or a cyclin when
XX complexed with the physiologically relevant CDK comprises: incubating a
XX candidate compound and the peptide and a cyclin or cyclin/CDK complex;
XX and detecting binding of either the candidate compound or the peptide
XX with the cyclin. The cyclin is cyclin A, cyclin B or cyclin D. The assay
XX comprises use of a three-dimensional model of a cyclin and a candidate
XX compound. At least one of the assay components is bound to a solid phase.
XX The peptidomimetic is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
XX cyclin. The cyclin is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
XX peptide. One of the assay components is labeled with a fluorescence
XX emitter and the signal is detected using fluorescence polarization
XX techniques. Using a cyclin in a drug screening assay comprises: selecting
XX a candidate compound by performing rational drug design with a three-
XX dimensional model of the cyclin, where the selecting is performed in
XX conjunction with computer modeling; contacting the candidate compound
XX with the cyclin; and detecting the binding of the candidate compound for
XX the cyclin groove. A potential drug is selected on the basis of its
XX having a greater affinity for the cyclin groove than that of the peptide.
XX The method of detection comprises monitoring G0 and/or G1/S cell cycle,
XX cell cycle-related apoptosis, suppression of B2F transcription factor,
XX hypophosphorylation of cellular pRb, or in vitro anti-proliferative
XX effects. The peptide is useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
XX proliferative disorder, e.g., cancer. The present sequence represents a
XX p21-derived peptide of the invention.
XX
XX Sequence 8 AA;
XX

CC candidate compound and the peptide and a cyclin or cyclin/CDK complex;
 CC and detecting binding of either the candidate compound or the peptide
 CC with the cyclin. The cyclin is cyclin A, cyclin E or cyclin D. The assay
 CC comprises use of a three-dimensional model of a cyclin and a candidate
 CC compound. At least one of the assay components is bound to a solid phase.
 CC The peptidomimetic is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
 CC cyclin. The cyclin is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
 CC peptide. One of the assay components is labeled with a fluorescence
 CC emitter and the signal is detected using fluorescence polarization
 CC techniques. Using a cyclin in a drug screening assay comprises: selecting
 CC a candidate compound by performing rational drug design with a three-
 CC dimensional model of the cyclin, where the selecting is performed in
 CC conjunction with computer modeling; contacting the candidate compound
 CC with the cyclin; and detecting the binding of the candidate compound for
 CC the cyclin groove. A potential drug is selected on the basis of its
 CC having a greater affinity for the cyclin groove than that of the peptide.
 CC The method of detection comprises monitoring G0 and/or G1/S cell cycle,
 CC cell cycle-related apoptosis, suppression of E2F transcription factor,
 CC hypophosphorylation of cellular pRb, or in vitro anti-proliferative
 CC effects. The peptide is useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
 CC proliferative disorder, e.g., cancer. The present sequence represents a
 CC p21-derived peptide of the invention.

CC Sequence 8 AA;

CC Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 9; Length 8;

CC Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CC Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CC 1 XXXRXIXP 8

CC 1 HAKRSLIF 8

CC Db

CC ADZ71491 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

CC ADZ71491;

CC 14-JUL-2005 (first entry)

CC p21-derived peptide #76.

CC CDK inhibitor; Cyclin-dependent kinase-2 inhibitor; p21; cancer;

CC neoplasia; cytostatic; pharmaceutical; drug screening.

CC Synthetic.

CC WO2005040802-A2.

CC 06-MAY-2005.

CC 20-OCT-2004; 2004WO-GB004431.

CC 20-OCT-2003; 2003GB-00024466.

CC 02-FEB-2004; 2004US-00771242.

CC (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

CC Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MTI, Chan WC;

CC Atkinson GE;

CC WPI; 2005-355897/36.

CC New peptide inhibitors of cyclin dependent kinases derived from the C-
 CC terminal region of p21, useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
 CC proliferative disorder such as cancer.

CC Disclosure; Page 12; 112pp; English.

CC The invention relates to a peptide or its variant comprising formula: A-
 CC (B) m-C-(D) n-E, where m or n are each independently 0 or 1; A is a

CC natural or unnatural amino acid residue having a side chain comprising at
 CC least one H-bond acceptor moiety and at least one H-bond donor moiety;
 CC each of B or D is independently an amino acid residue selected from
 CC arginine, glycine, citrulline, glutamine, serine, lysine, asparagine,
 CC isoleucine or alanine; C is a natural or unnatural amino acid residue
 CC having a branched or unbranched C 1 -C 6 alkylene side chain optionally
 CC containing a H-bond donor or a H-bond acceptor moiety; and E is a natural
 CC or unnatural amino acid residue having an aryl or heteroaryl side chain.
 CC Also described are: a pharmaceutical composition comprising the peptide
 CC admixed with a diluent, an excipient or a carrier; an assay for
 CC identifying candidate substances capable of binding to a cyclin
 CC associated with a G1 control CDK enzyme and/or inhibiting the enzyme; an
 CC assay for identifying compounds that interact a cyclin or a cyclin when
 CC complexed with the physiologically relevant CDK; and a method of using a
 CC cyclin in a drug screening assay. The assay for identifying candidate
 CC substances capable of binding to a cyclin associated with a G1 control
 CC CDK enzyme and/or inhibiting the enzyme comprises: bringing into contact
 CC a peptide as defined above, the cyclin, the CDK and the candidate
 CC substance, under conditions where, in the absence of the candidate
 CC interaction, the peptidomimetic would bind to the cyclin/CDK
 CC any change in the expected binding of the peptide and a cyclin when
 CC assay for identifying compounds that interact a cyclin or a cyclin when
 CC complexed with the physiologically relevant CDK comprises: incubating a
 CC candidate compound and the peptide and a cyclin or cyclin/CDK complex;
 CC and detecting binding of either the candidate compound or the peptide
 CC with the cyclin. The cyclin is cyclin A, cyclin E or cyclin D. The assay
 CC comprises use of a three-dimensional model of a cyclin and a candidate
 CC compound. At least one of the assay components is bound to a solid phase.
 CC The peptidomimetic is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
 CC cyclin. The cyclin is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
 CC peptide. One of the assay components is labeled with a fluorescence
 CC emitter and the signal is detected using fluorescence polarization
 CC techniques. Using a cyclin in a drug screening assay comprises: selecting
 CC a candidate compound by performing rational drug design with a three-
 CC dimensional model of the cyclin, where the selecting is performed in
 CC conjunction with computer modeling; contacting the candidate compound
 CC with the cyclin; and detecting the binding of the candidate compound for
 CC the cyclin groove. A potential drug is selected on the basis of its
 CC having a greater affinity for the cyclin groove than that of the peptide.
 CC The method of detection comprises monitoring G0 and/or G1/S cell cycle,
 CC cell cycle-related apoptosis, suppression of E2F transcription factor,
 CC hypophosphorylation of cellular pRb, or in vitro anti-proliferative
 CC effects. The peptide is useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
 CC proliferative disorder, e.g., cancer. The present sequence represents a
 CC p21-derived peptide of the invention.

CC Sequence 8 AA;

CC Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 9; Length 8;

CC Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CC Matches 4; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CC 1 XXXRXIXP 8

CC 1 HAKRSLIF 8

CC Db

CC ADZ71494 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

CC ADZ71494;

CC 14-JUL-2005 (first entry)

CC p21-derived peptide #79.

CC CDK inhibitor; Cyclin-dependent kinase-2 inhibitor; p21; cancer;

CC neoplasia; cytostatic; pharmaceutical; drug screening.

CC Synthetic.

CC and detecting binding of either the candidate compound or the peptide
 CC with the cyclin. The cyclin is cyclin A, cyclin E or cyclin D. The assay
 CC comprises use of a three-dimensional model of a cyclin and a candidate
 CC compound. At least one of the assay components is bound to a solid phase.
 CC The peptidomimetic is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
 CC cyclin. The cyclin is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
 CC peptide. One of the assay components is labeled with a fluorescence
 CC emitter and the signal is detected using fluorescence polarization
 CC techniques. Using a cyclin in a drug screening assay comprises: selecting
 CC a candidate compound by performing rational drug design with a three-
 CC dimensional model of the cyclin, where the selecting is performed in
 CC conjunction with computer modeling; contacting the candidate compound
 CC with the cyclin; and detecting the binding of the candidate compound for
 CC the cyclin groove. A potential drug is selected on the basis of its
 CC having a greater affinity for the cyclin groove than that of the peptide.
 CC The method of detection comprises monitoring G0 and/or G1/S cell cycle,
 CC cell cycle-related apoptosis, suppression of E2F transcription factor,
 CC hypophosphorylation of cellular pRb, or in vitro anti-proliferative
 CC effects. The peptide is useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
 CC proliferative disorder, e.g., cancer. The present sequence represents a
 CC p21-derived peptide of the invention.

CC Sequence 8 AA:

CC Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 9; Length 8;

CC Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CC Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8

DB 1 HAKRRLAF 8

RESULT 50

ID ADZ71838 standard; peptide; 8 AA.

AC ADZ71838;

DT 14-JUL-2005 (first entry)

DE p21-derived peptide #423.

KW CDK inhibitor; Cyclin-dependent kinase-2 inhibitor; p21; cancer;

KW neoplasia; cytostatic; pharmaceutical; drug screening.

OS Synthetic.

PN WO2005040802-A2.

PD 06-MAY-2005.

PF 20-OCT-2004; 2004WO-GB004431.

PR 20-OCT-2003; 2003GB-00024466.

PR 02-FEB-2004; 2004US-00771242.

XX (CYCL-) CYCLACEL LTD.

PI Zheleva DI, Fischer PM, McInnes C, Andrews MTI, Chan WC,

PI Atkinson GB;

DR WPI; 2005-355897/36.

PT New peptide inhibitors of cyclin dependent kinases derived from the C-
 PT terminal region of p21, useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
 PT proliferative disorder such as cancer.

PS Example 9; Page 56; 112pp; English.

CC The invention relates to a peptide or its variant comprising formula: A-
 CC (B) m -C-(D) n -E, where m or n are each independently 0 or 1; A is a
 CC natural or unnatural amino acid residue having a side chain comprising at

CC least one H-bond acceptor moiety and at least one H-bond donor moiety;
 CC each of B or D is independently an amino acid residue selected from
 CC arginine, glycine, citrulline, glutamine, serine, lysine, asparagine,
 CC isoleucine or alanine; C is a natural or unnatural amino acid residue
 CC having a branched or unbranched C 1 -C 6 alkylene side chain optionally
 CC containing a H-bond donor or a H-bond acceptor moiety; and E is a natural
 CC or unnatural amino acid residue having an aryl or heteroaryl side chain.
 CC Also described are: a pharmaceutical composition comprising the peptide
 CC admixed with a diluent, an excipient or a carrier; an assay for
 CC identifying candidate substances capable of binding to a cyclin
 CC associated with a G1 control CDK enzyme and/or inhibiting the enzyme; an
 CC assay for identifying compounds that interact a cyclin or a cyclin when
 CC complexed with the physiologically relevant CDK; and a method of using a
 CC cyclin in a drug screening assay. The assay for identifying candidate
 CC substances capable of binding to a cyclin associated with a G1 control
 CC CDK enzyme and/or inhibiting the enzyme comprises: bringing into contact
 CC a peptide as defined above, the cyclin, the CDK and the candidate
 CC substance, under conditions where, in the absence of the candidate
 CC substance, being an inhibitor of interaction of the cyclin/CDK
 CC interaction, the peptidomimetic would bind to the cyclin; and monitoring
 CC any change in the expected binding of the peptide and the cyclin. The
 CC assay for identifying compounds that interact a cyclin or a cyclin when
 CC complexed with the physiologically relevant CDK comprises: incubating a
 CC candidate compound and the peptide and a cyclin or cyclin/CDK complex,
 CC and detecting binding of either the candidate compound or the peptide
 CC with the cyclin. The cyclin is cyclin A, cyclin E or cyclin D. The assay
 CC comprises use of a three-dimensional model of a cyclin and a candidate
 CC compound. At least one of the assay components is bound to a solid phase.
 CC The peptidomimetic is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
 CC cyclin. The cyclin is labeled such as to emit a signal when bound to the
 CC peptide. One of the assay components is labeled with a fluorescence
 CC emitter and the signal is detected using fluorescence polarization
 CC techniques. Using a cyclin in a drug screening assay comprises: selecting
 CC a candidate compound by performing rational drug design with a three-
 CC dimensional model of the cyclin, where the selecting is performed in
 CC conjunction with computer modeling; contacting the candidate compound
 CC with the cyclin; and detecting the binding of the candidate compound for
 CC the cyclin groove. A potential drug is selected on the basis of its
 CC having a greater affinity for the cyclin groove than that of the peptide.
 CC The method of detection comprises monitoring G0 and/or G1/S cell cycle,
 CC cell cycle-related apoptosis, suppression of E2F transcription factor,
 CC hypophosphorylation of cellular pRb, or in vitro anti-proliferative
 CC effects. The peptide is useful in preparing a medicament for treating a
 CC proliferative disorder, e.g., cancer. The present sequence represents a
 CC p21-derived peptide of the invention.

CC Sequence 8 AA:

CC Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 9; Length 8;

CC Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 2e+06; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CC Matches 3; Conservative 5; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 XXXRXIXF 8

DB 1 HAKRRLAF 8

Search completed: May 5, 2006, 12:22:09
 Job time : 189 secs